

Light★n

A high-fidelity reconfigurable photonic processor for NISQ computing

29/06/2023 - CLEO Europe

A. Cavaillès, P. Boucher, S. Gigan and K. Müller

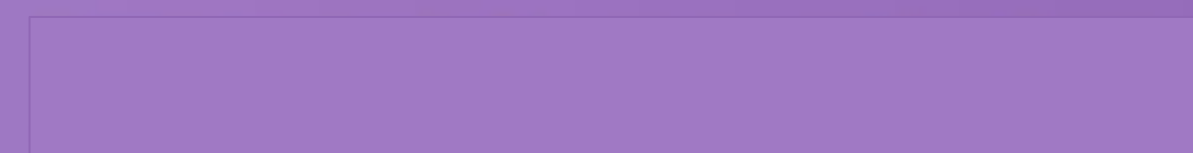


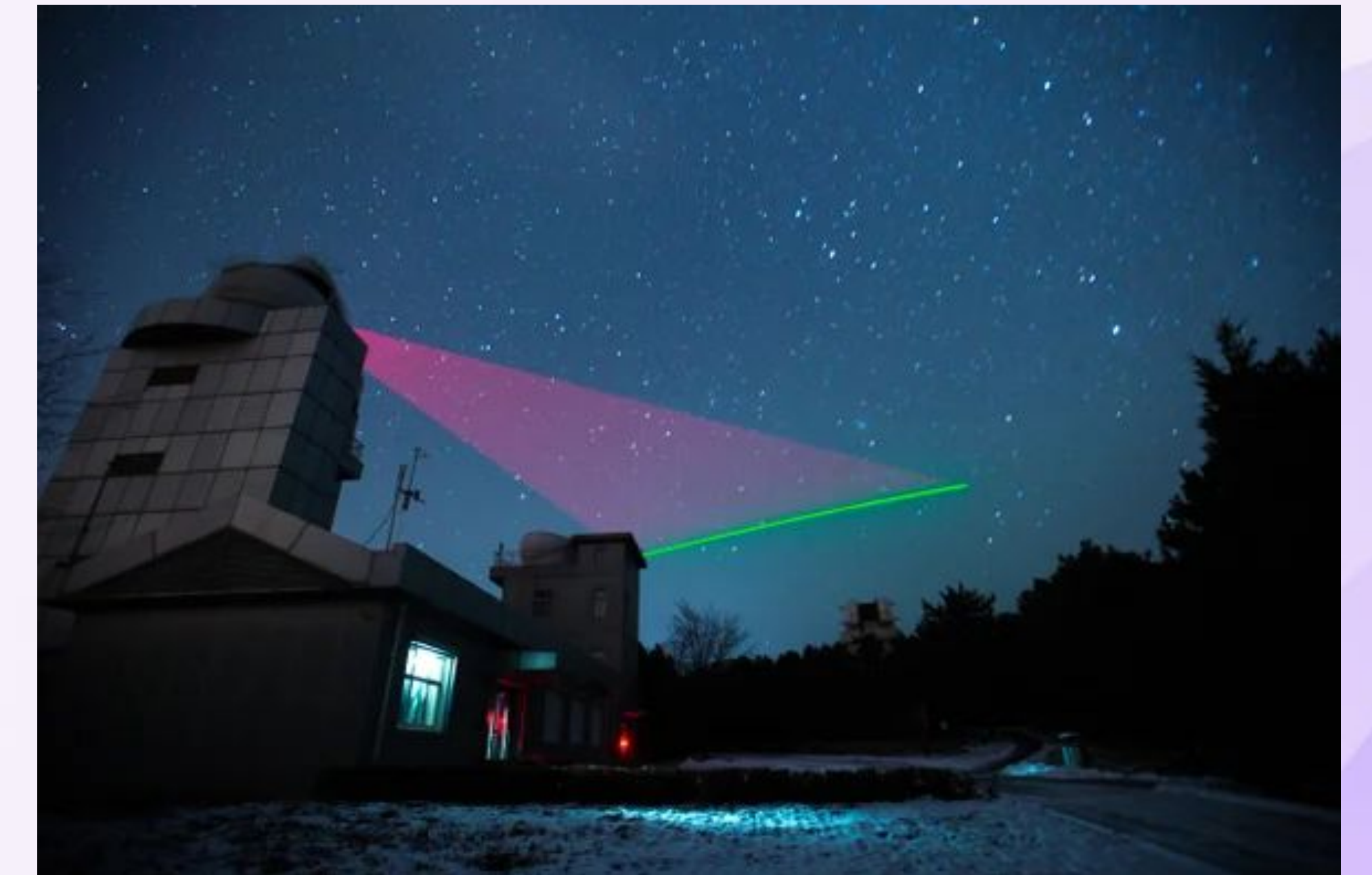
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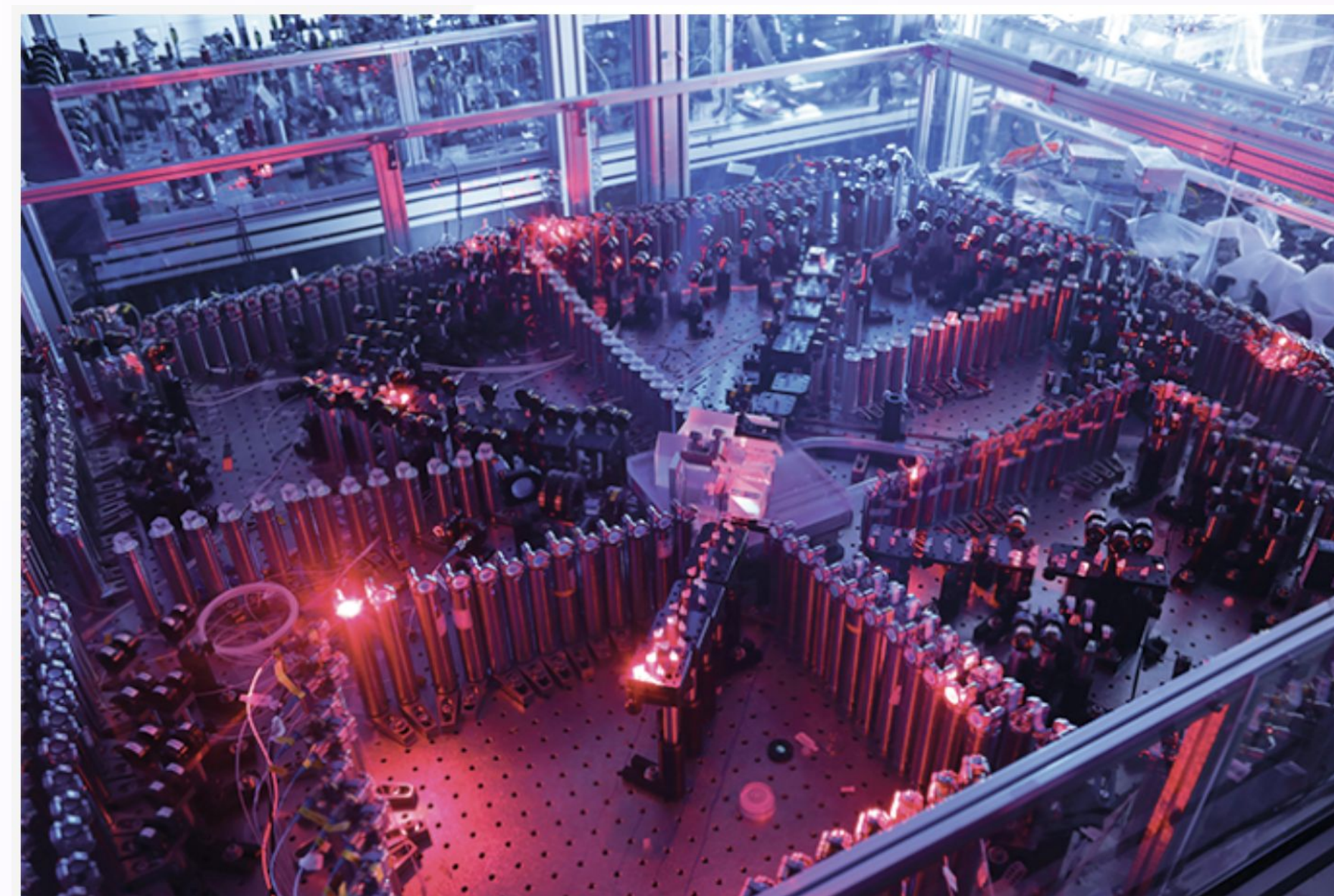
Optical quantum computing

Photons as carriers of quantum information

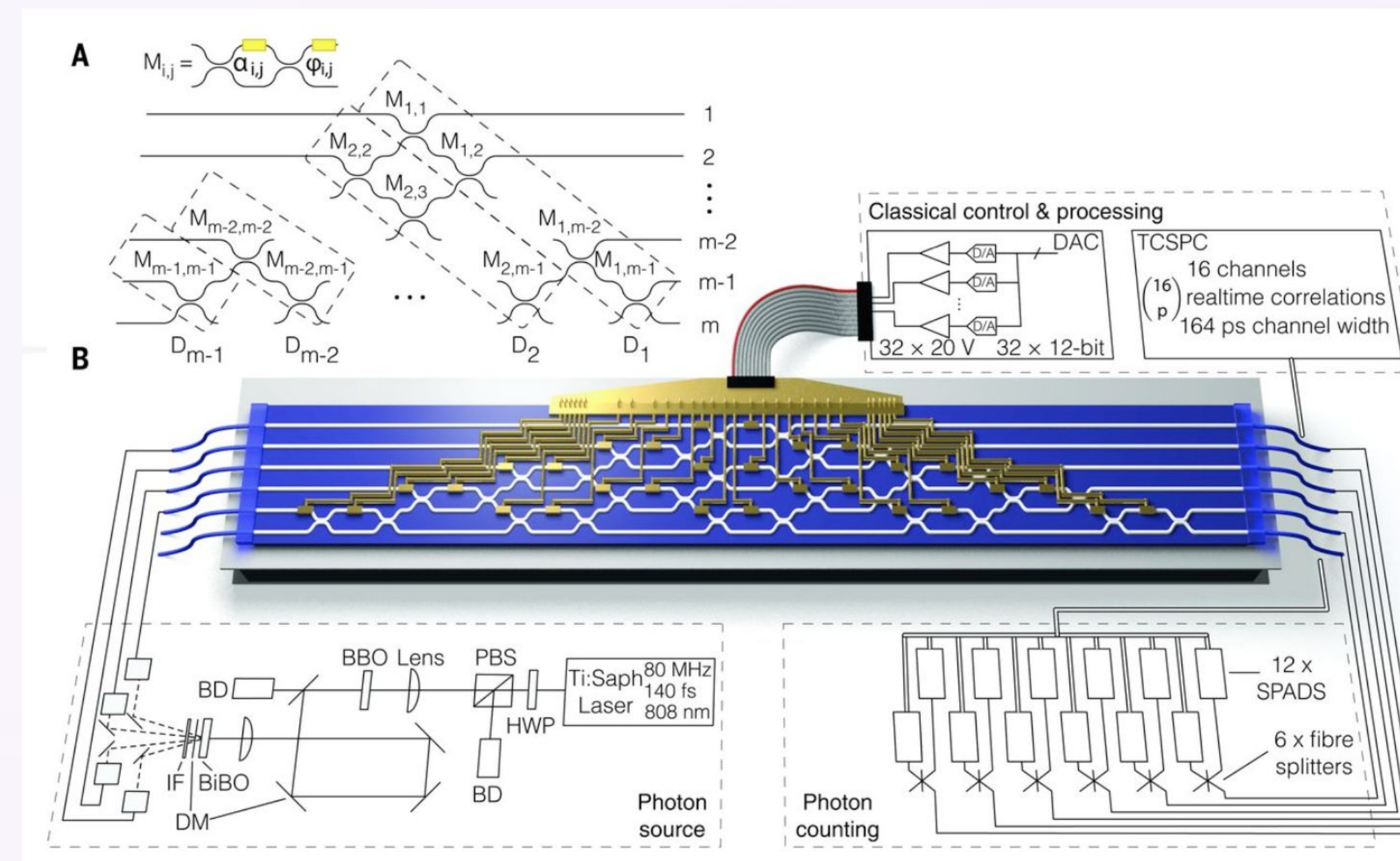
- Quick propagation
- Resistant to decoherence
- Mature infrastructure for control
- Easy interfacing with other quantum systems



Micius satellite for QKD



H.-S. Zhong et al, Science **370**, 1460 (2020)

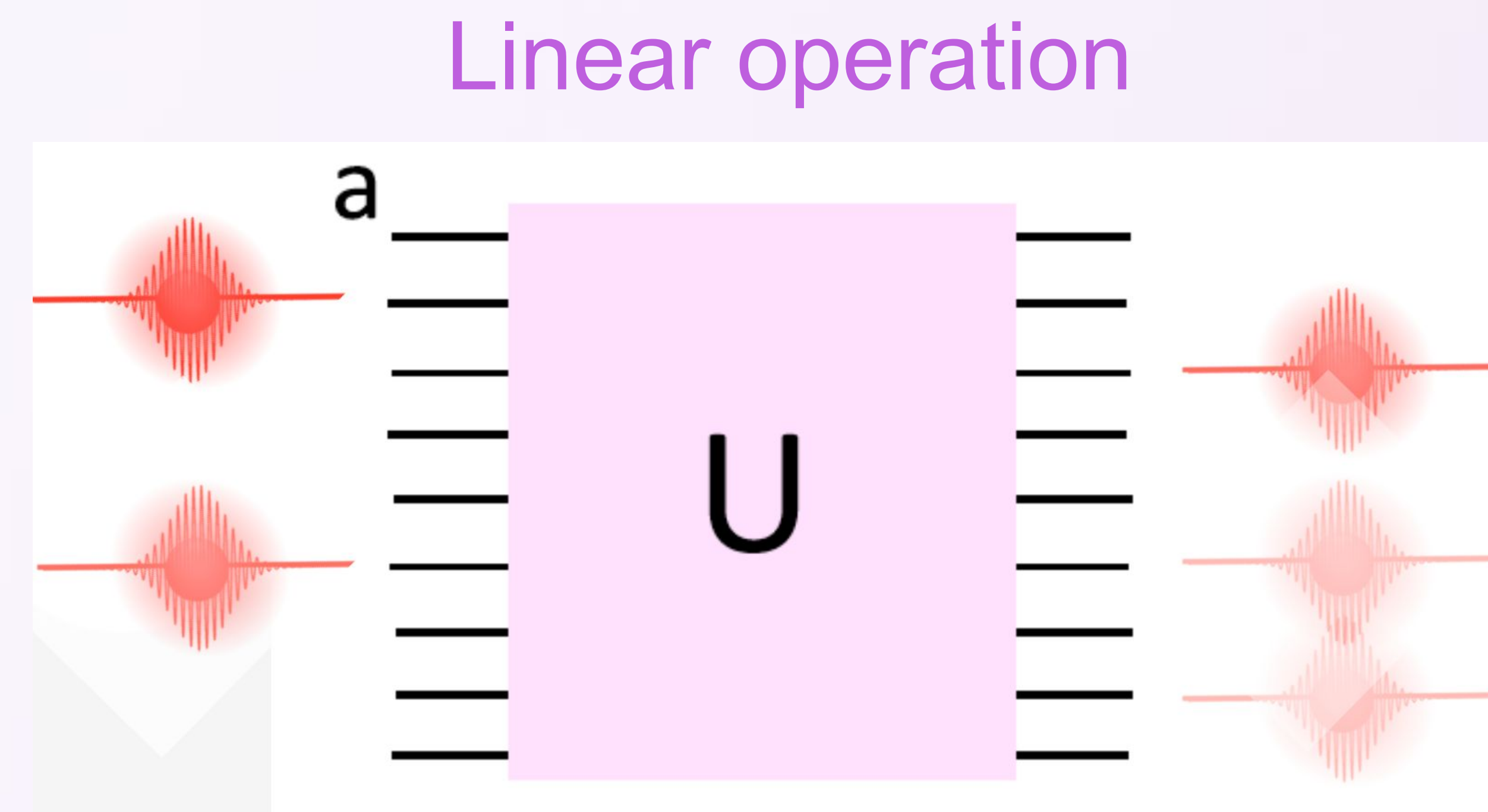


J. Carolan et al, Science **349**, 711 (2015)

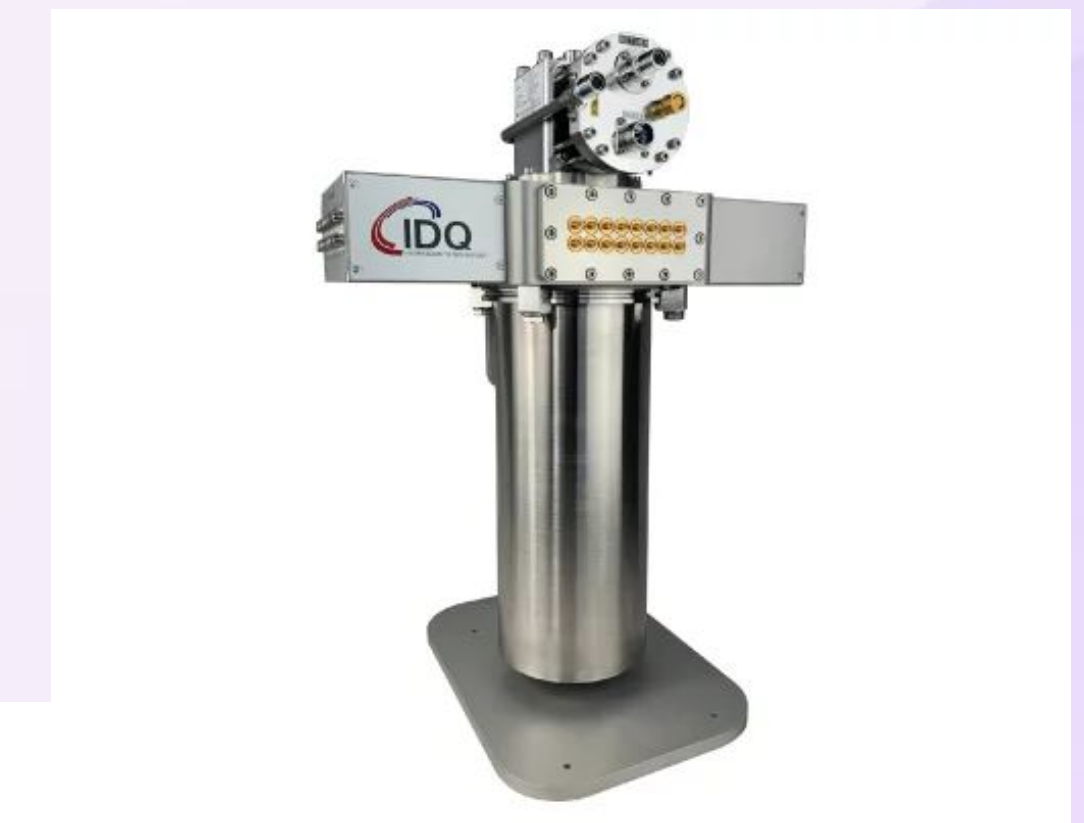
Optical quantum computing

Programmable linear optical networks

- Q. state generation
- Q. communication
- Q. information processing
- Q. Machine learning
- ...



Quantum sources



ID Quantique



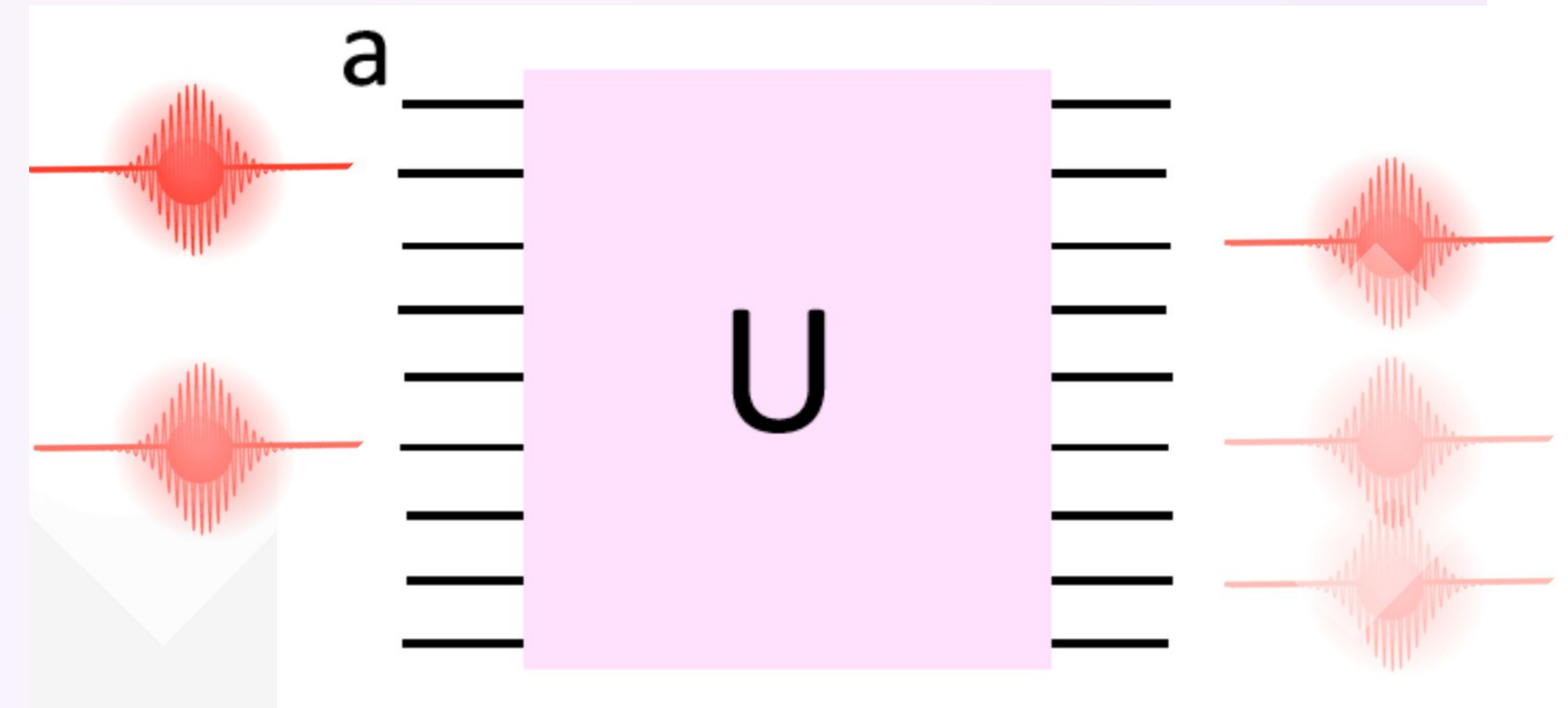
Pi Imaging

Detection

Optical quantum computing

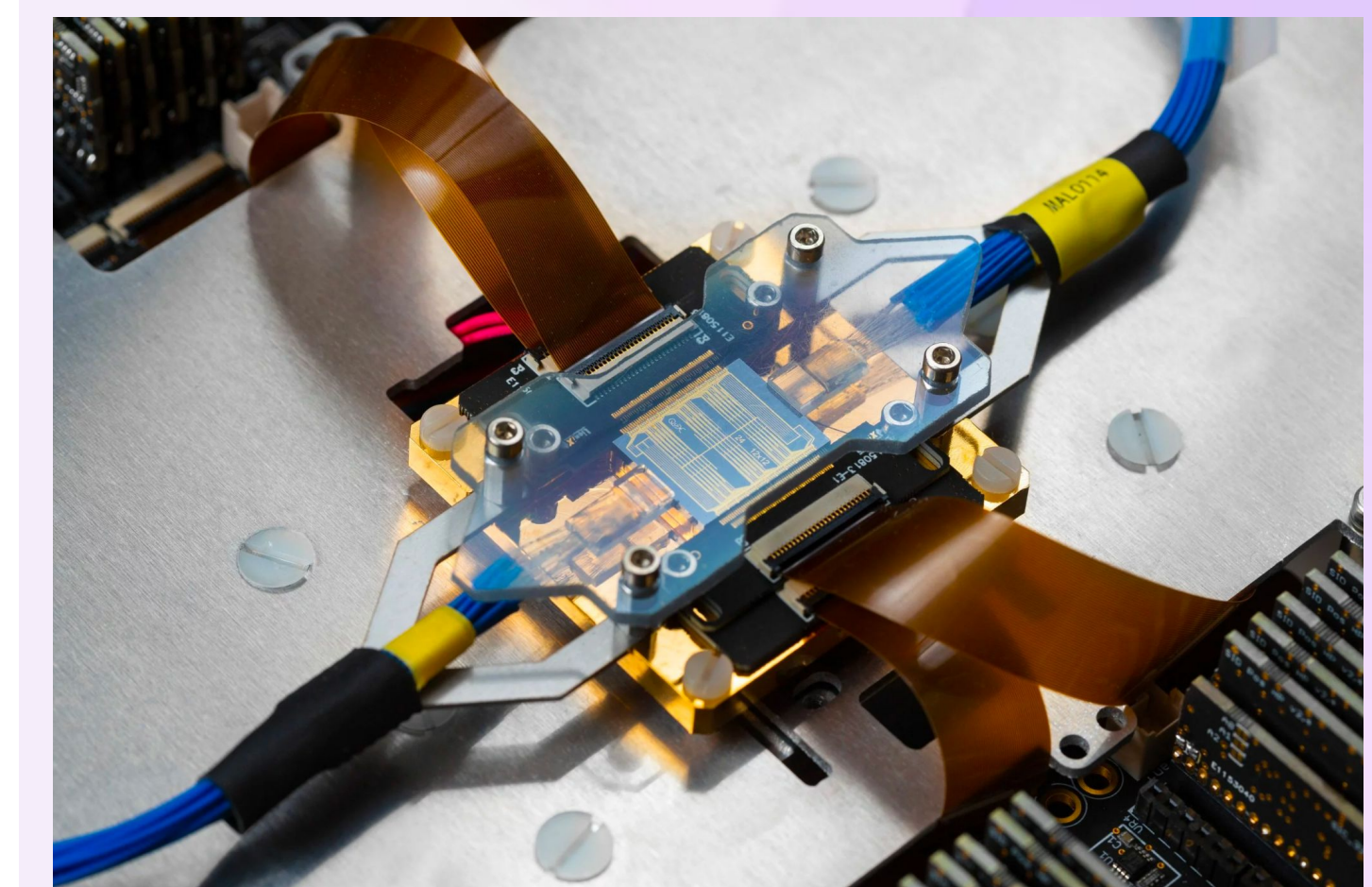
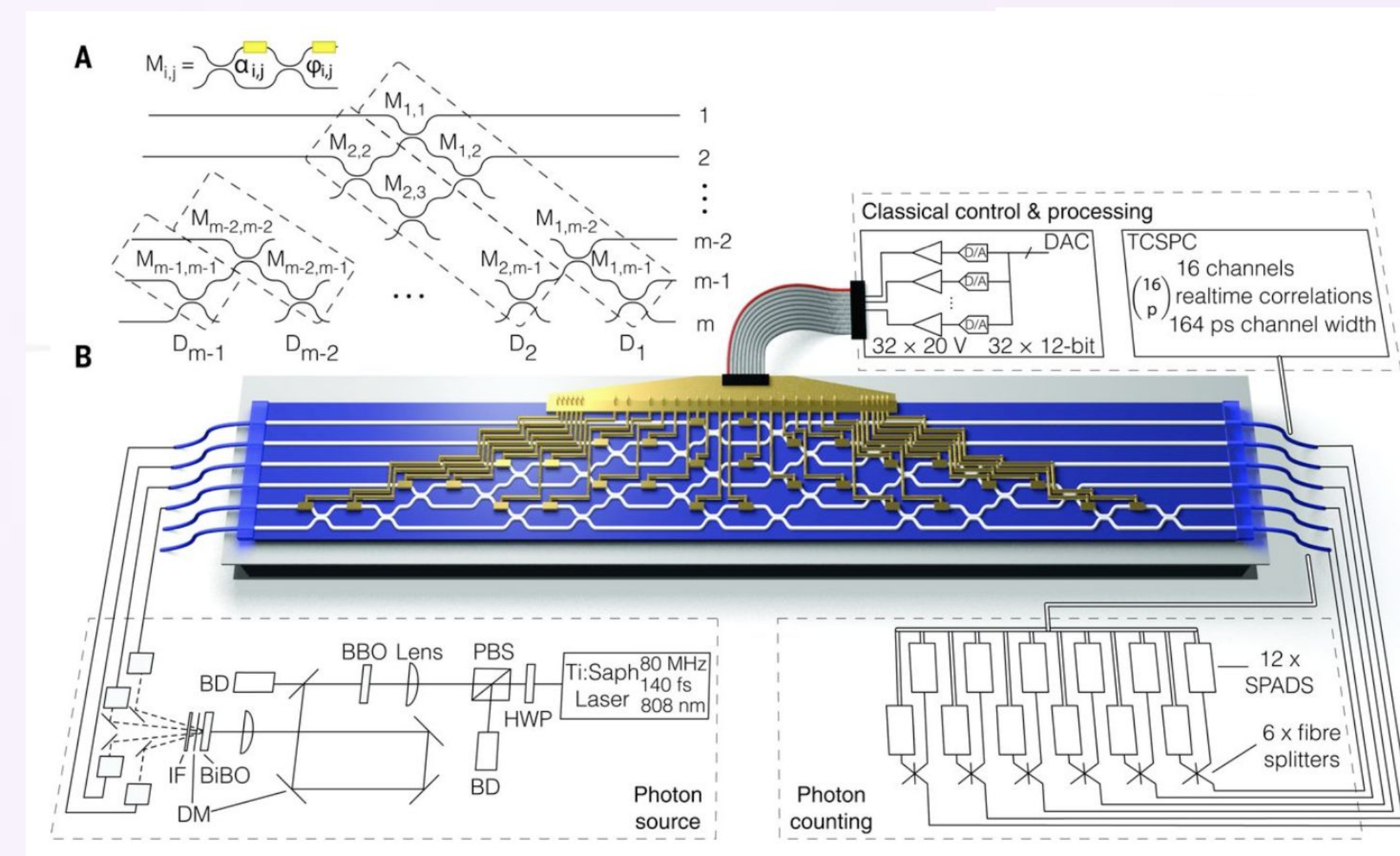
Programmable linear optical networks

- Q. state generation
- Q. communication
- Q. information processing
- Q. Machine learning
- ...



Typical implementation: integrated circuits

Larger operations -> Complex scaling

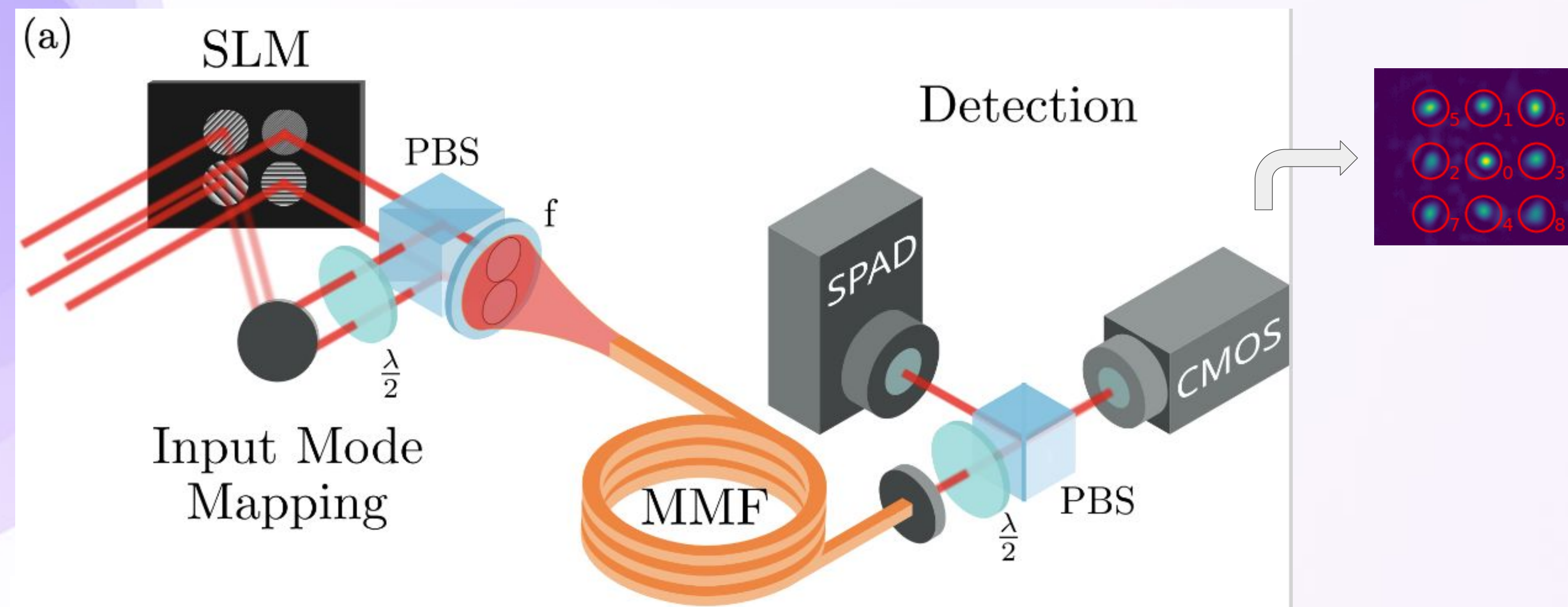


Quix

J. Carolan et al, Science **349**, 711 (2015)

Programmable linear network

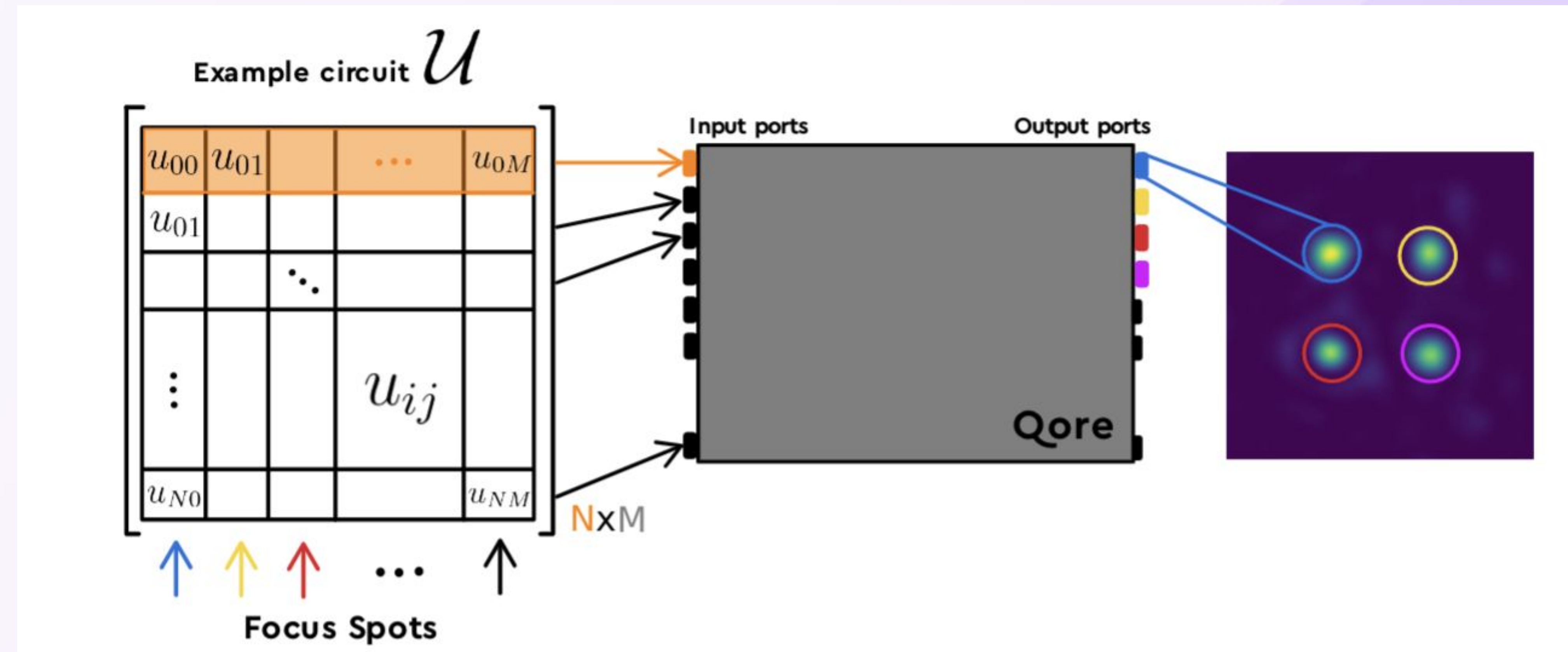
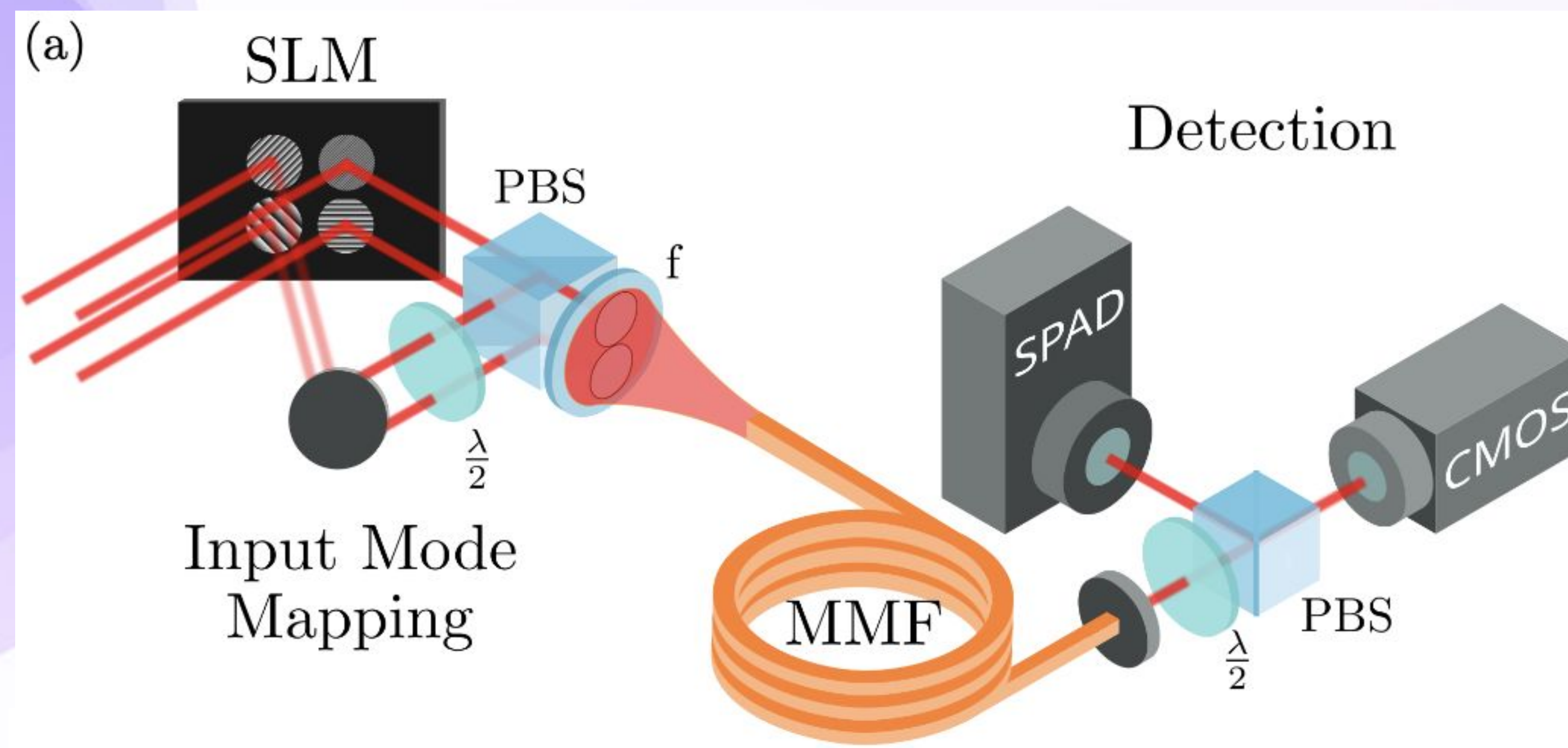
Alternative method: mode mixing in complex media



A. Cavallès et al, Optics Express **30**, 17 30058-30065 (2022)

Programmable linear network

Alternative method: mode mixing in complex media

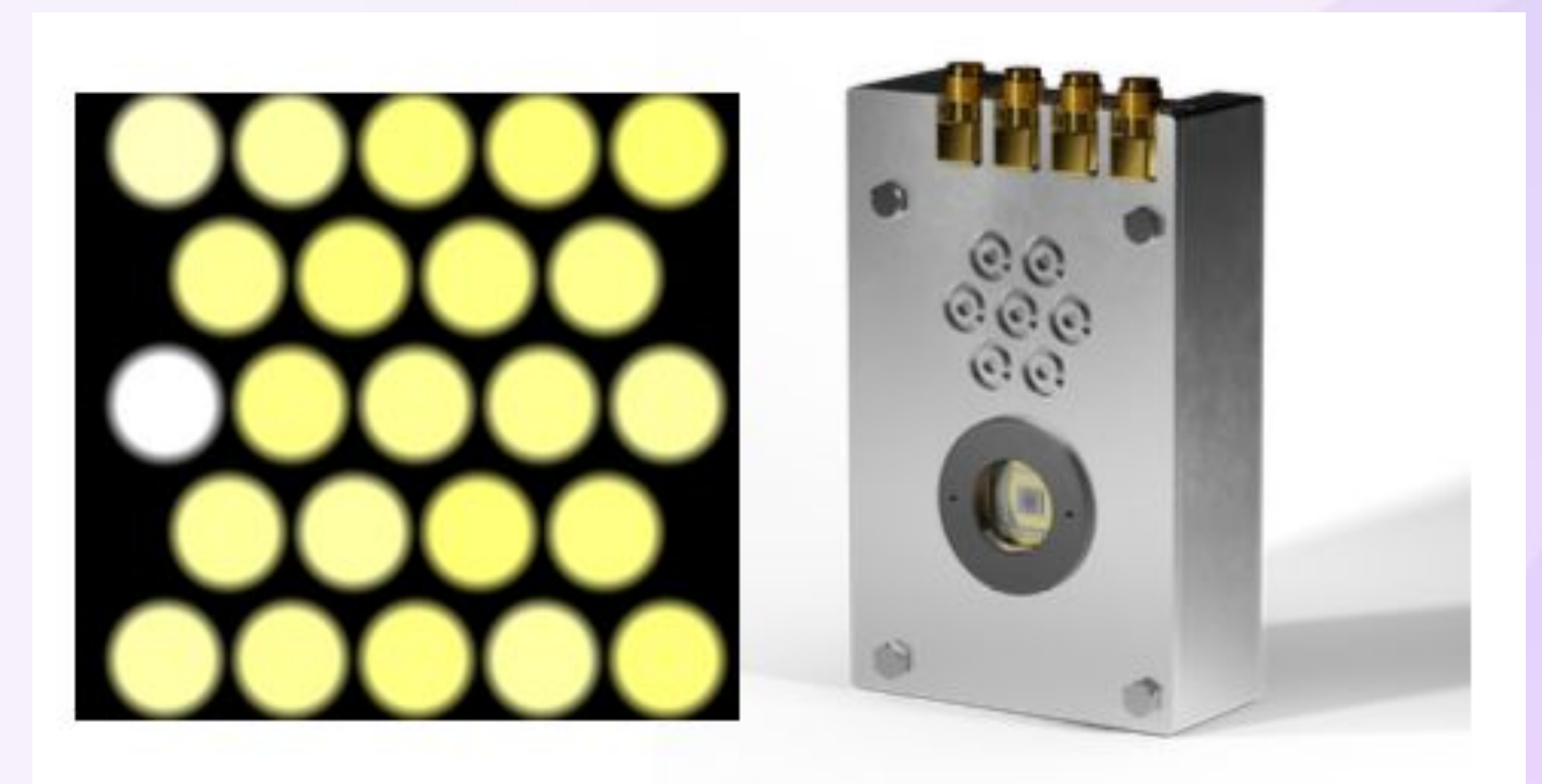
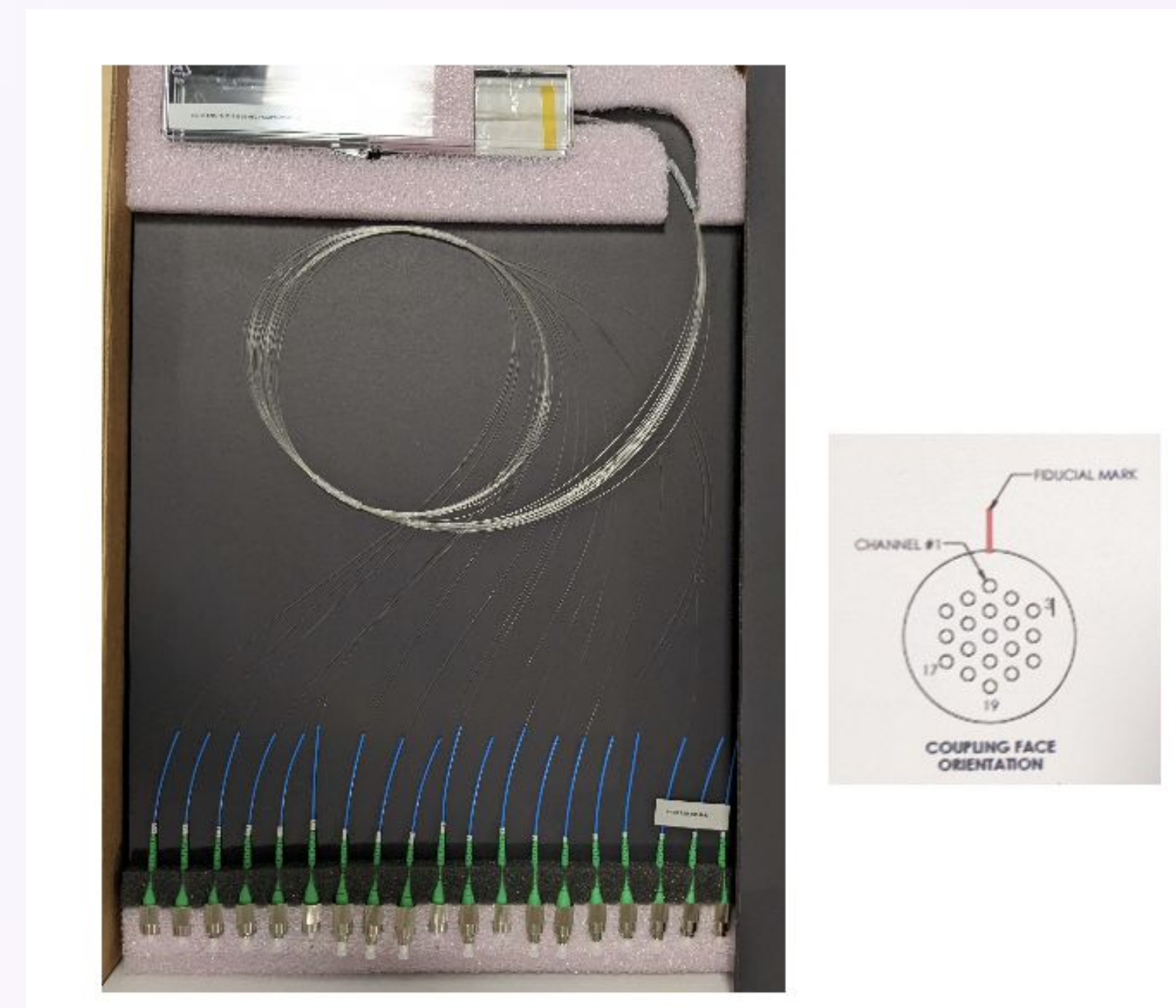
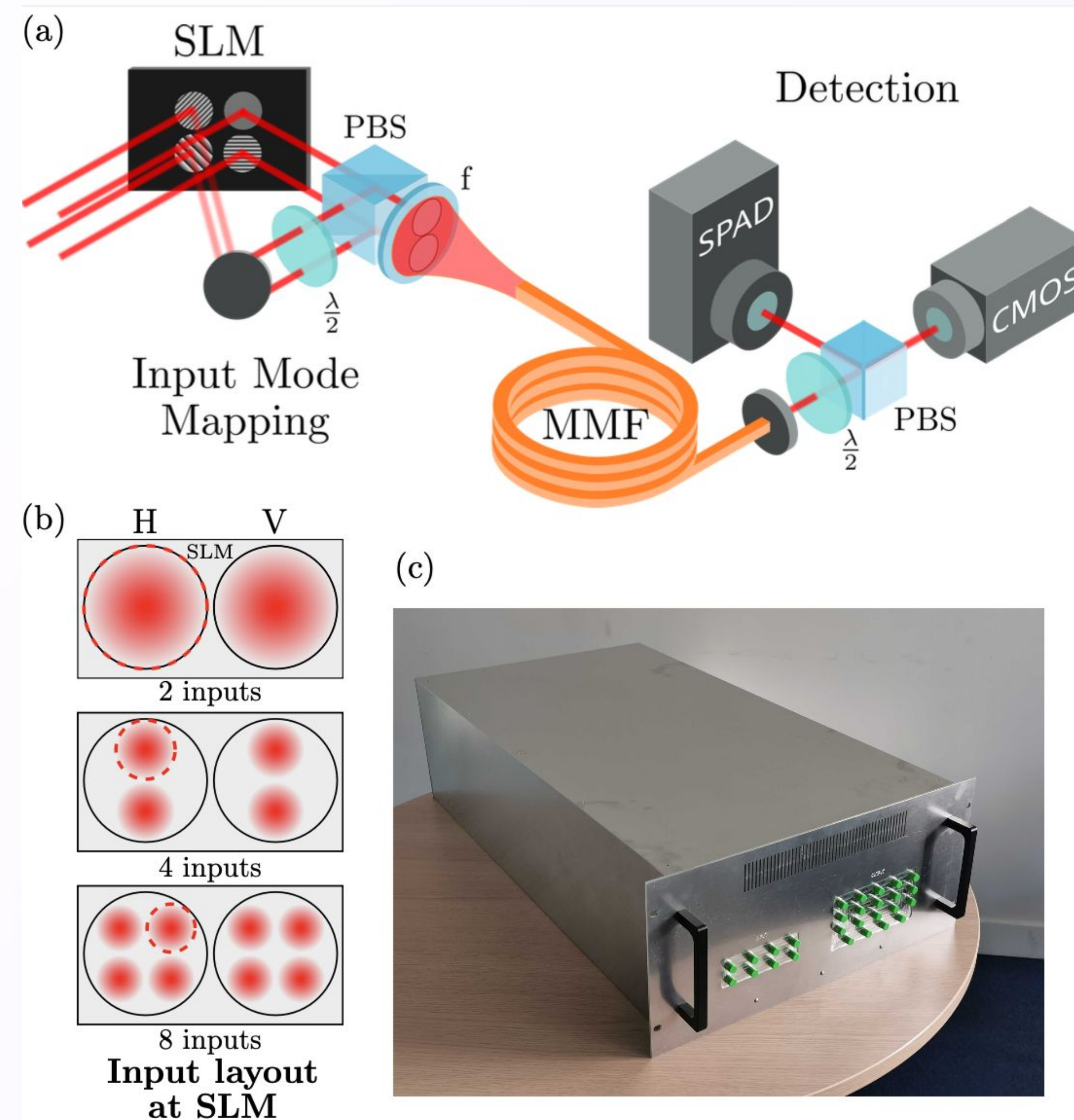


A. Cavallès et al, Optics Express **30**, 17 30058-30065 (2022)

Circuit implementation

Programmable linear network

Alternative method: mode mixing in complex media



Pii Imaging

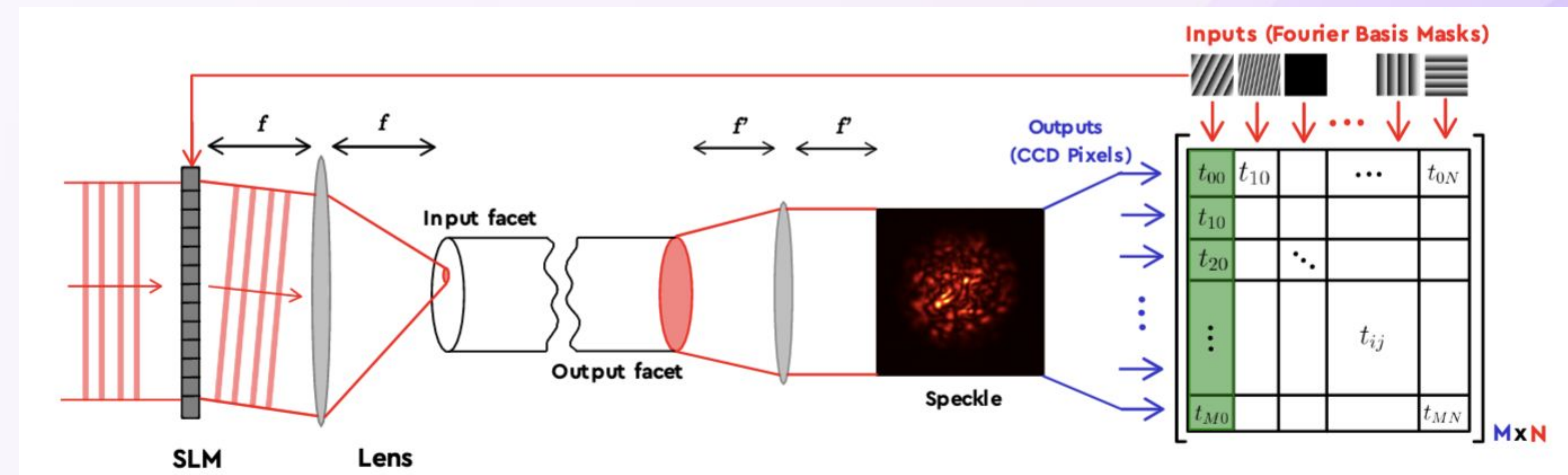
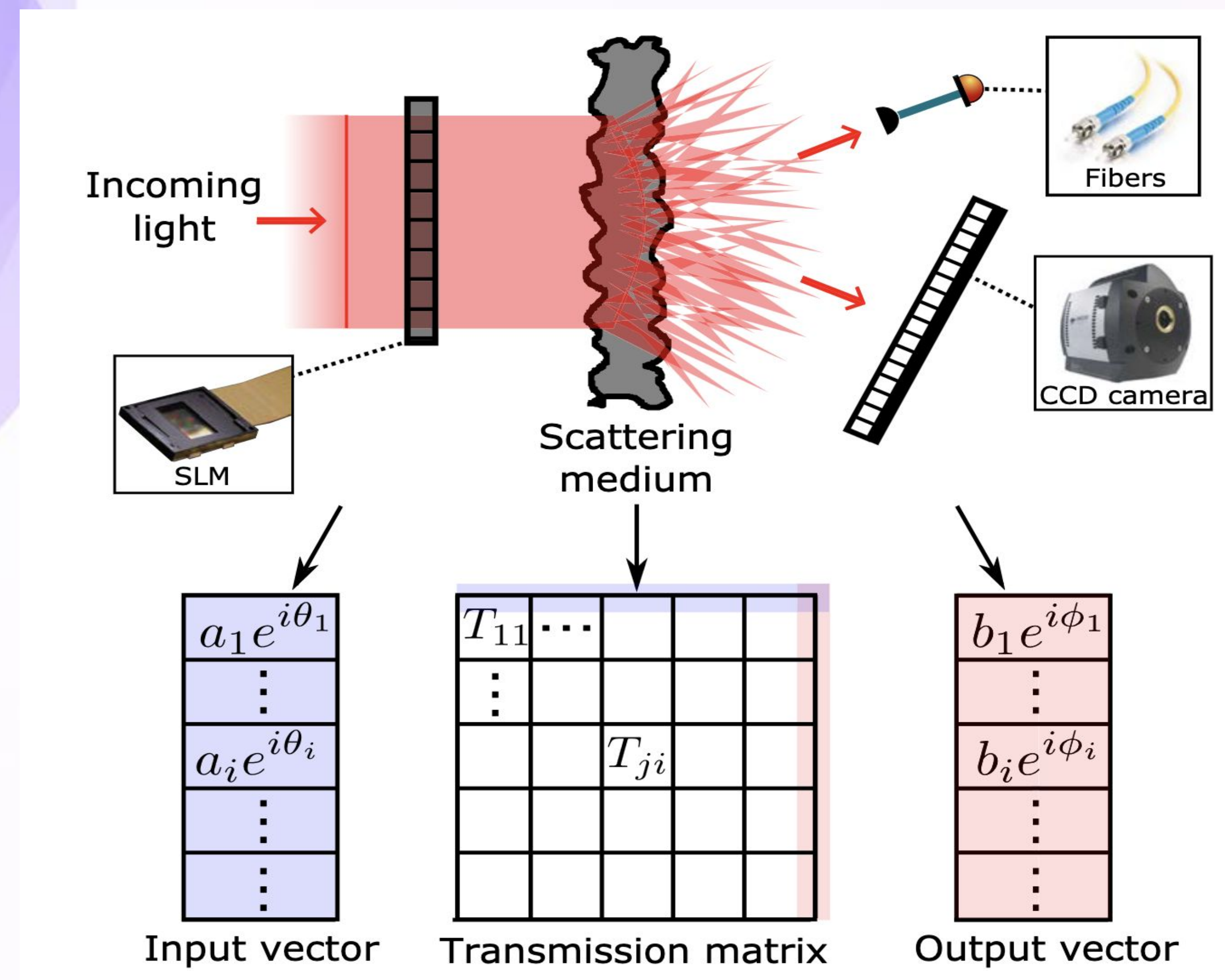
Output detection: fibered or free space

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Programmable linear network

The process

- Holography: measure medium's transfer matrix



Hugo Defienne, Quantum walks of photons in disordered media (2015)

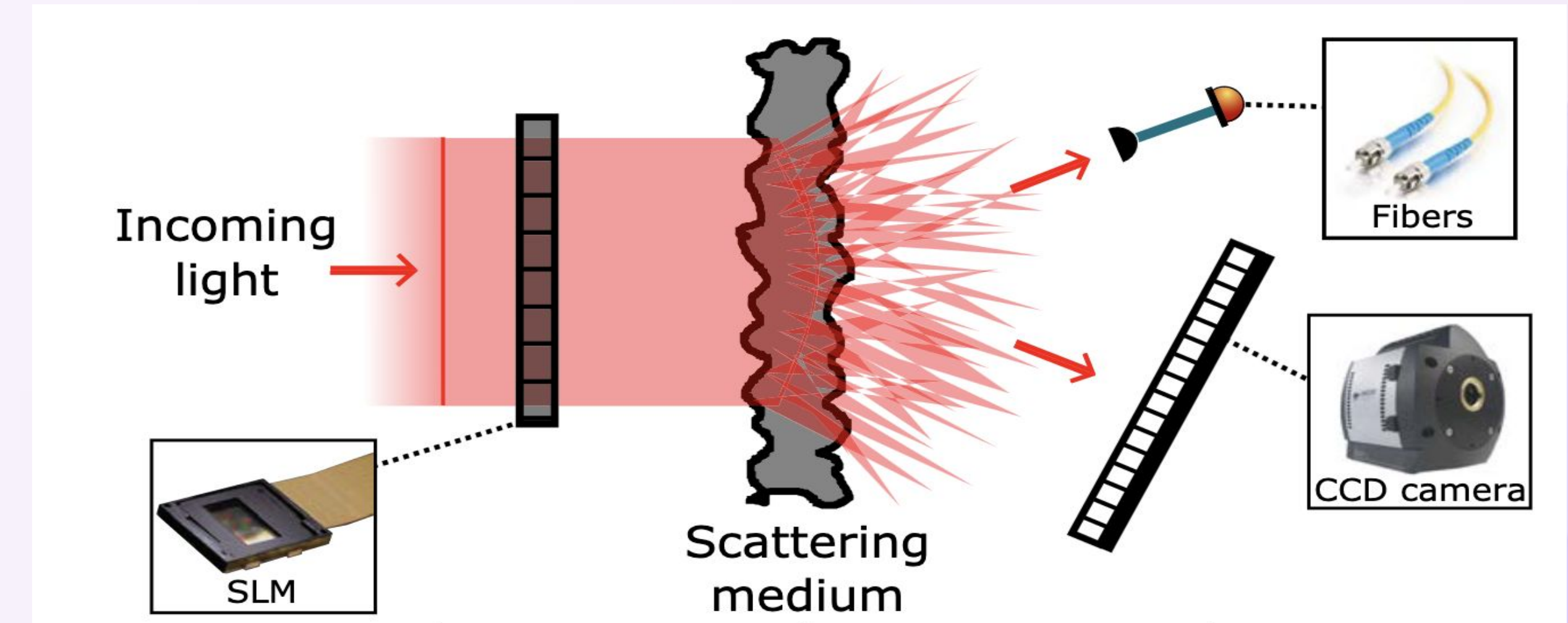
Programmable linear network

The process

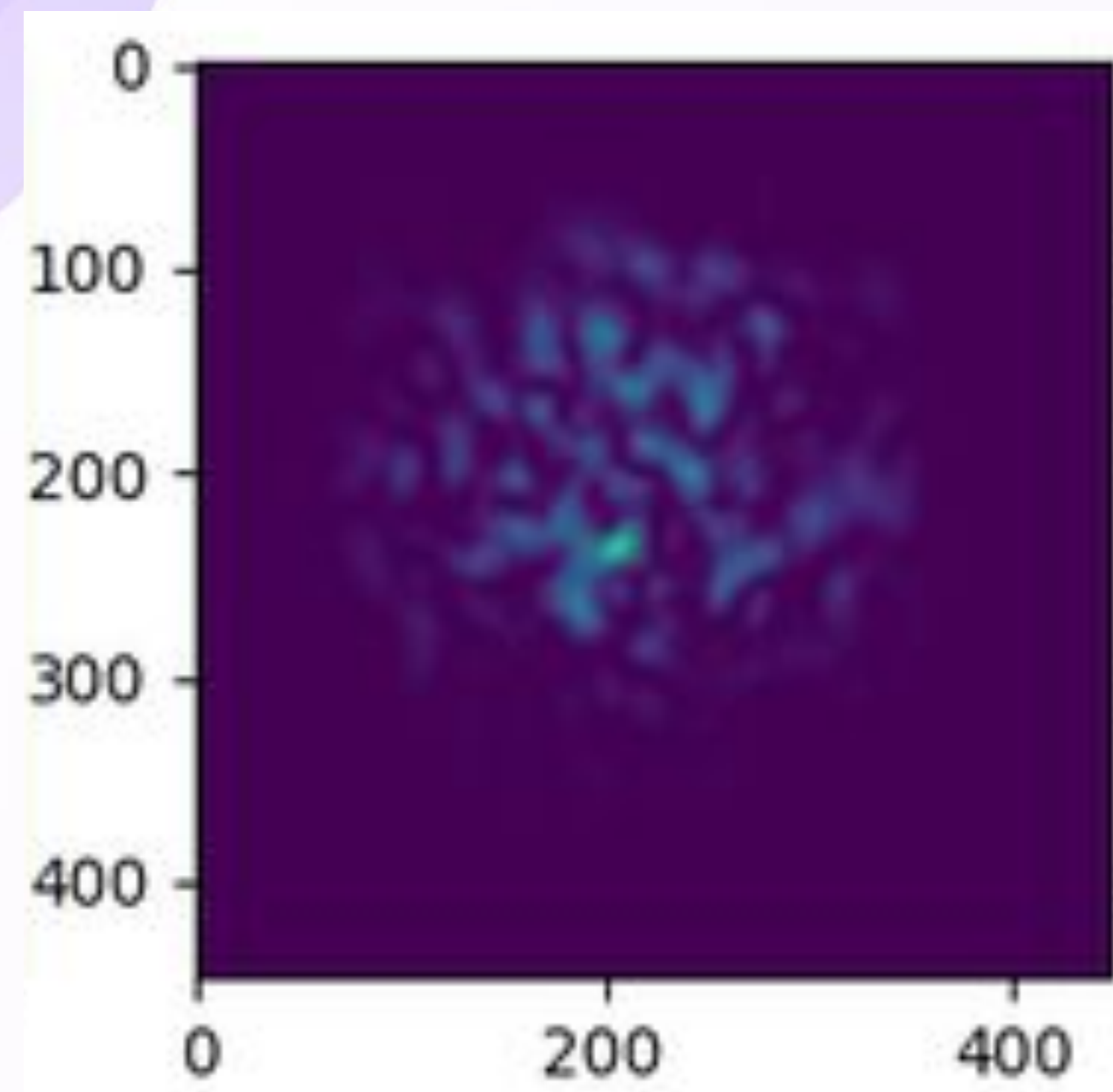
- Holography: measure medium's transfer matrix
- Implement desired output by applying inverse of TM using SLM

$$|out\rangle = TM |in\rangle$$

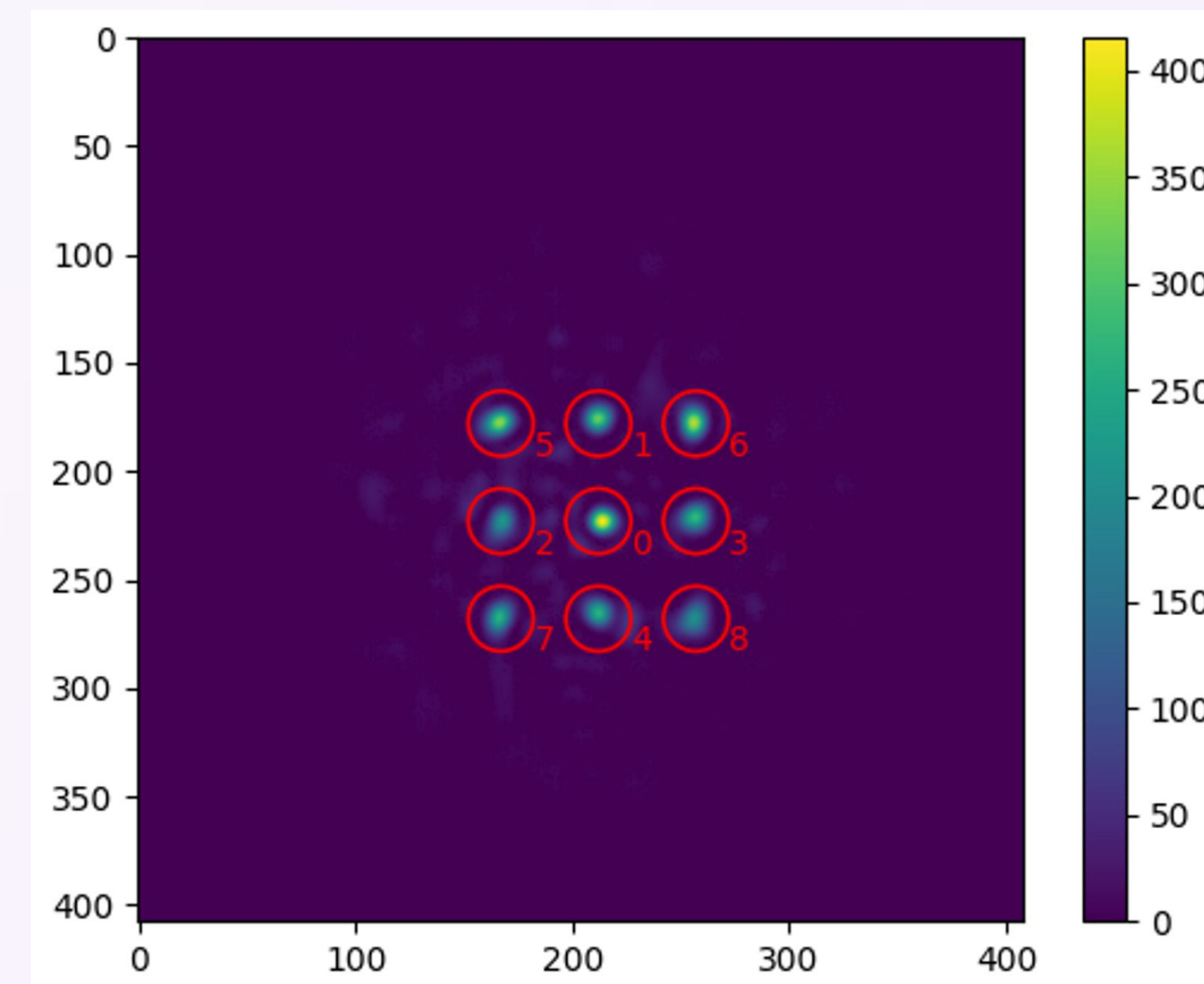
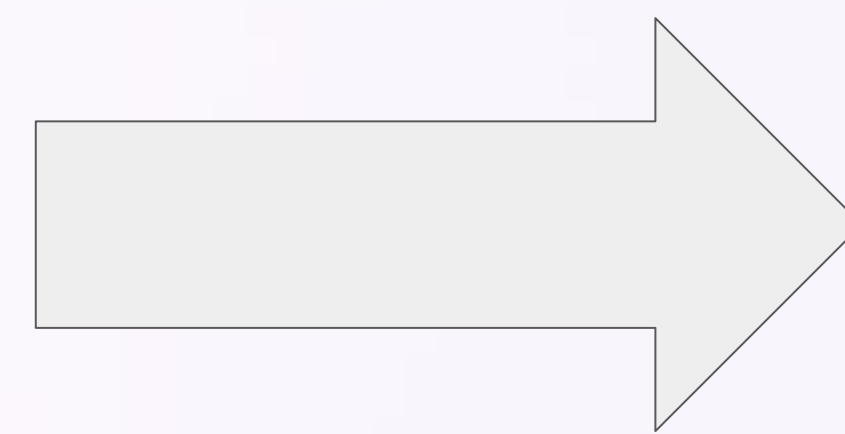
$$|out\rangle = TM * TM^{-1} U |in\rangle$$



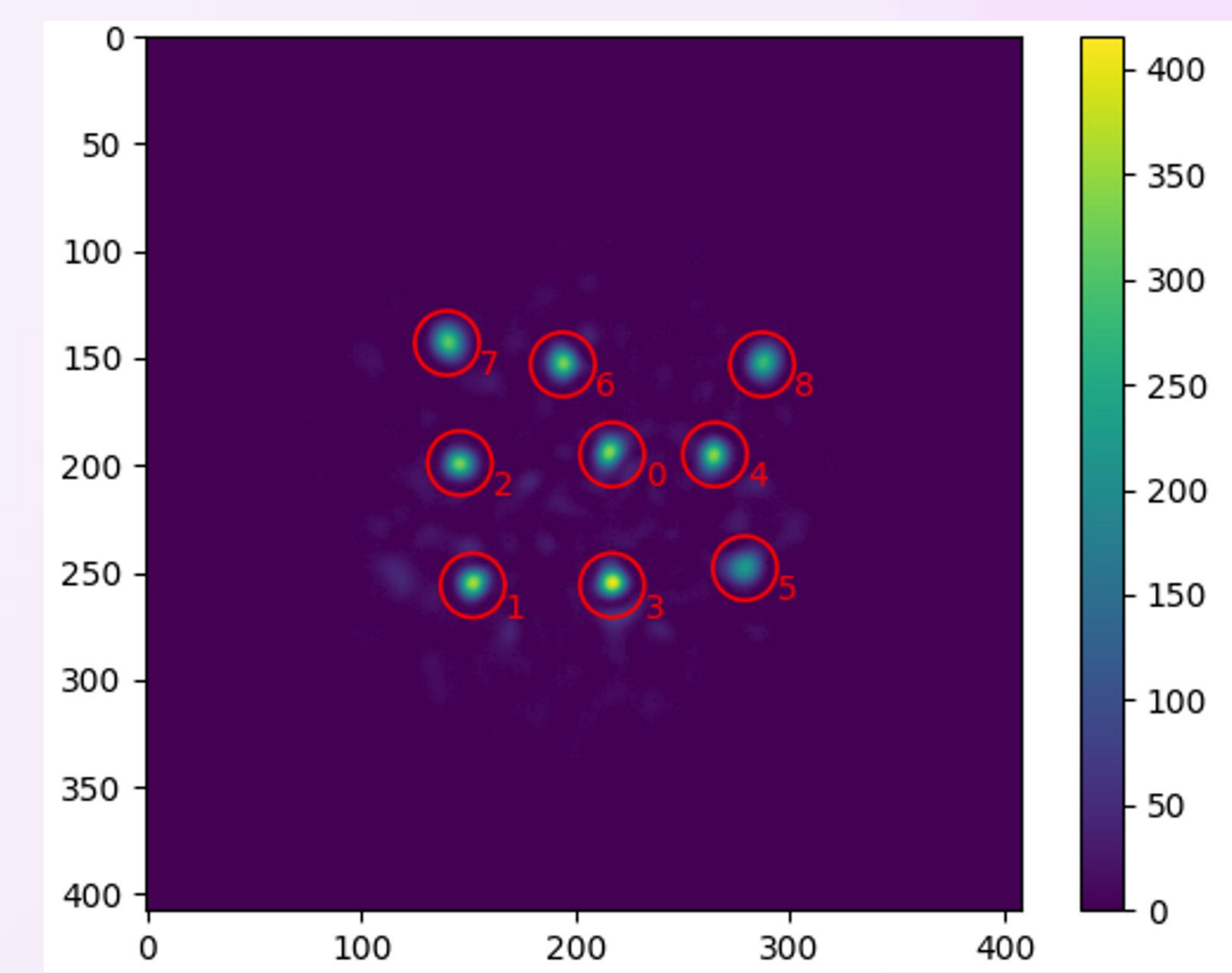
Hugo Defienne, Quantum walks of photons in disordered media (2015)



Output without control



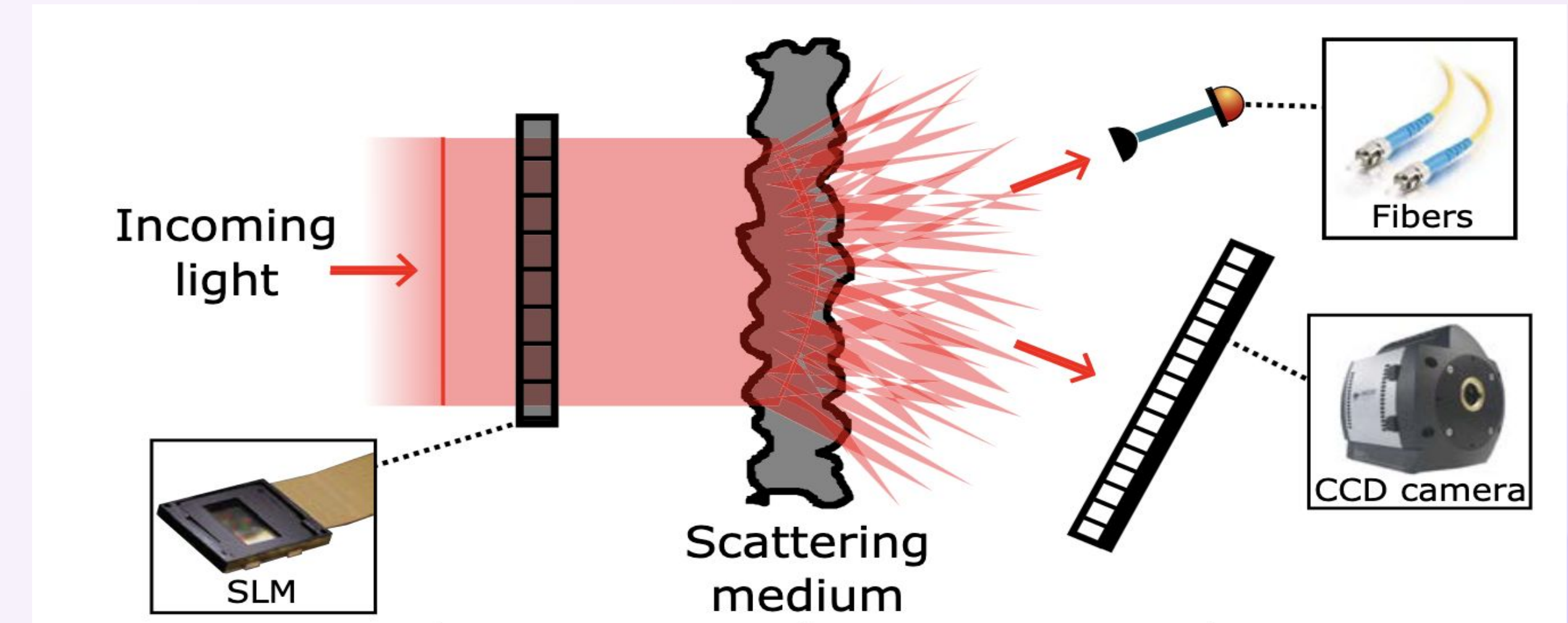
Controlled output via SLM



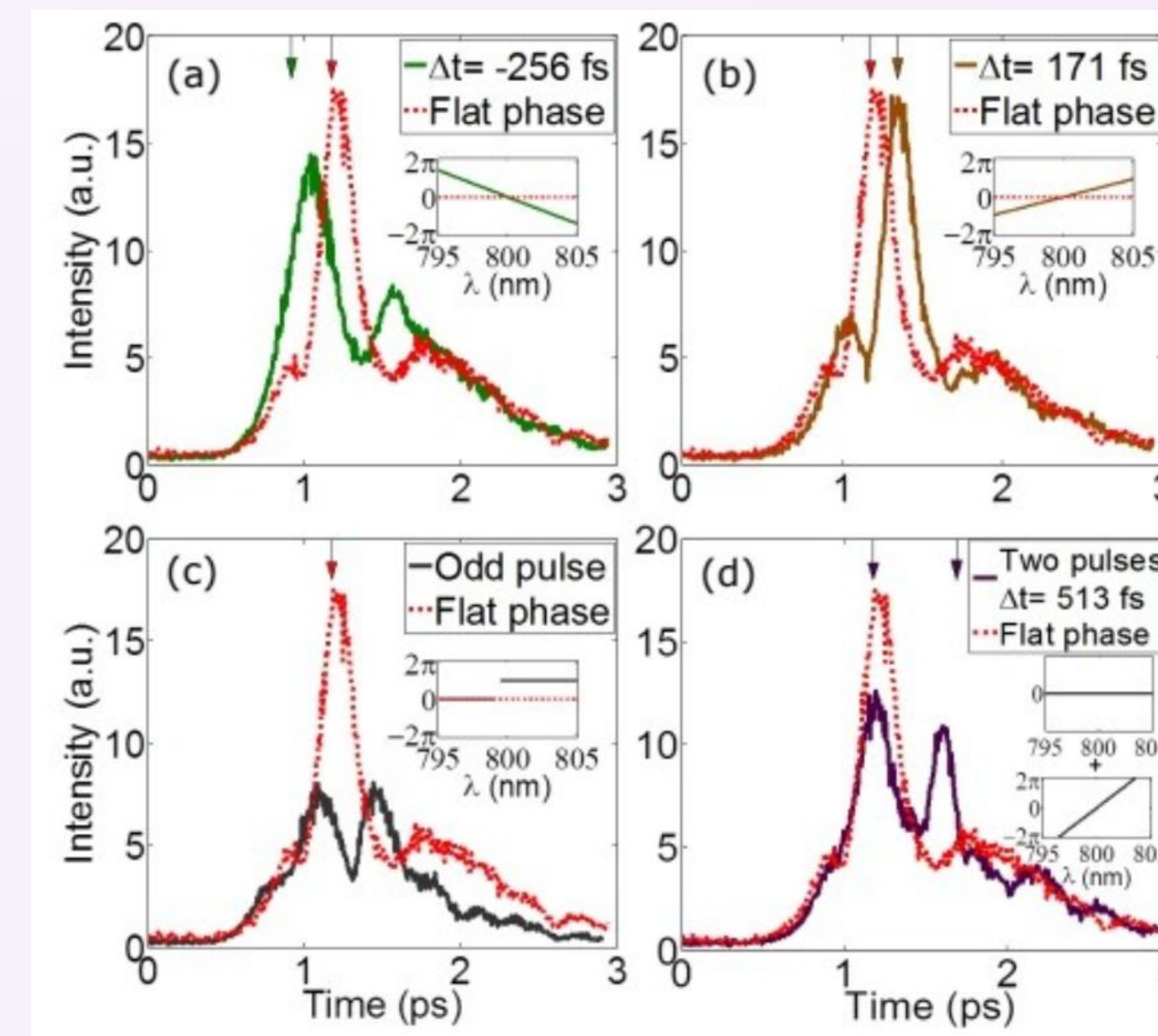
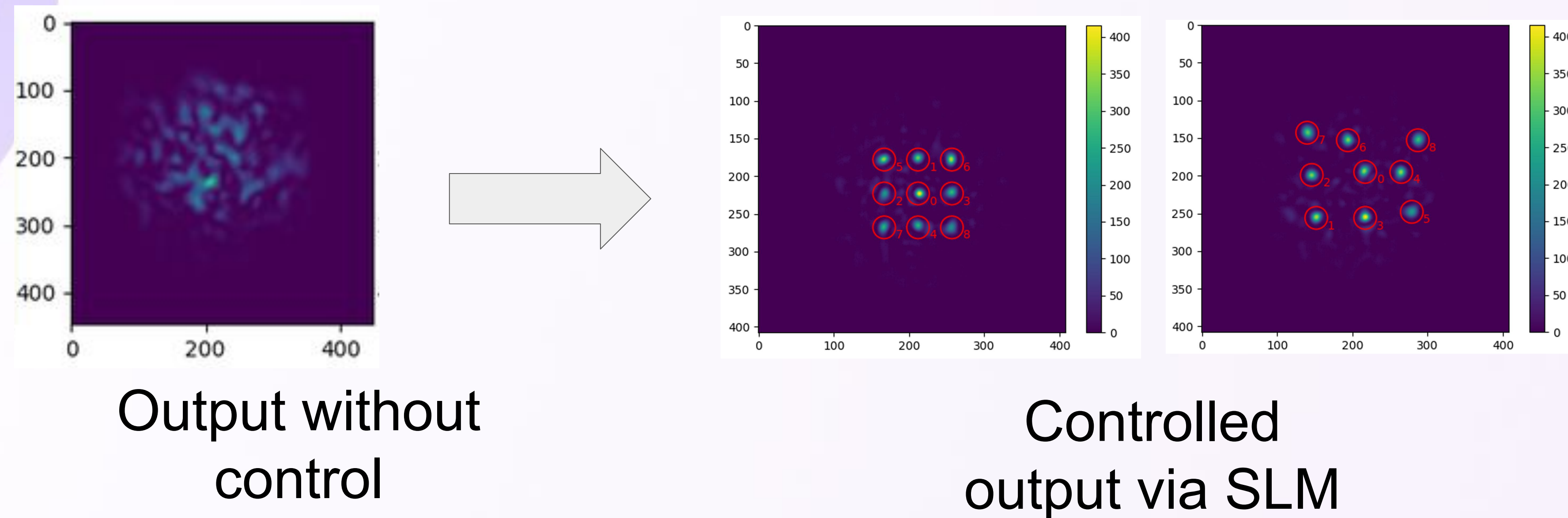
Programmable linear network

The process

- Holography: measure medium's transfer matrix
- Implement desired output by applying inverse of TM using SLM



Hugo Defienne, Quantum walks of photons in disordered media (2015)



M. Mounaix, Phys Rev Lett 116, 253901 (2016)

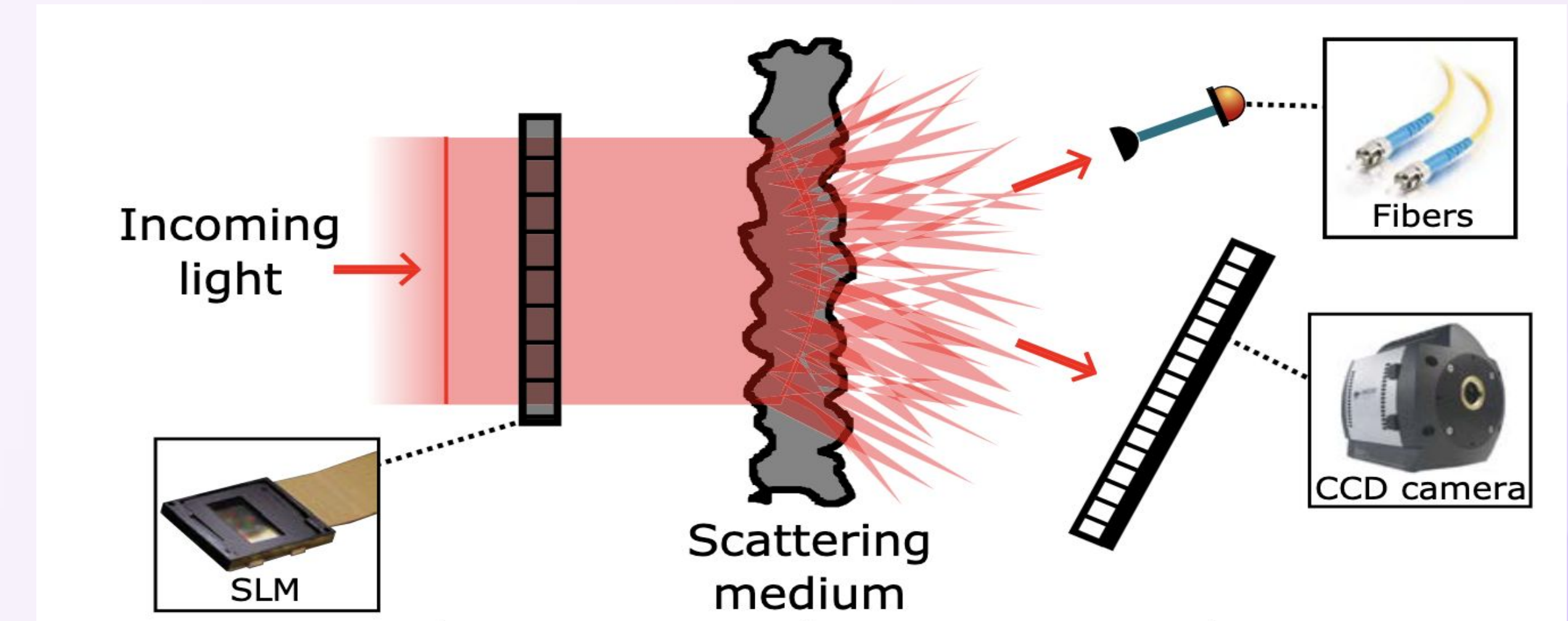
Spatial, spectral and polarisation shaping accessible



Programmable linear network

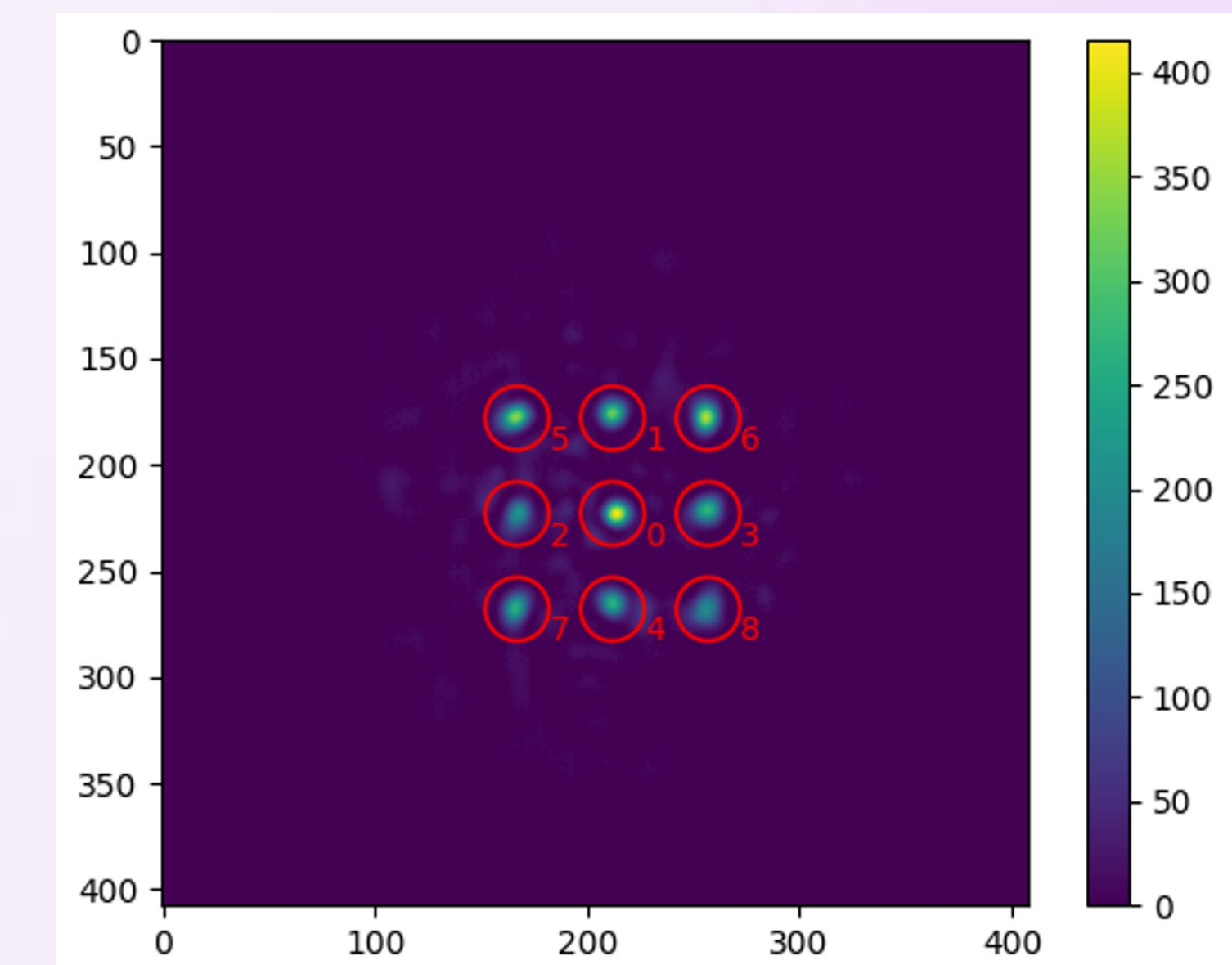
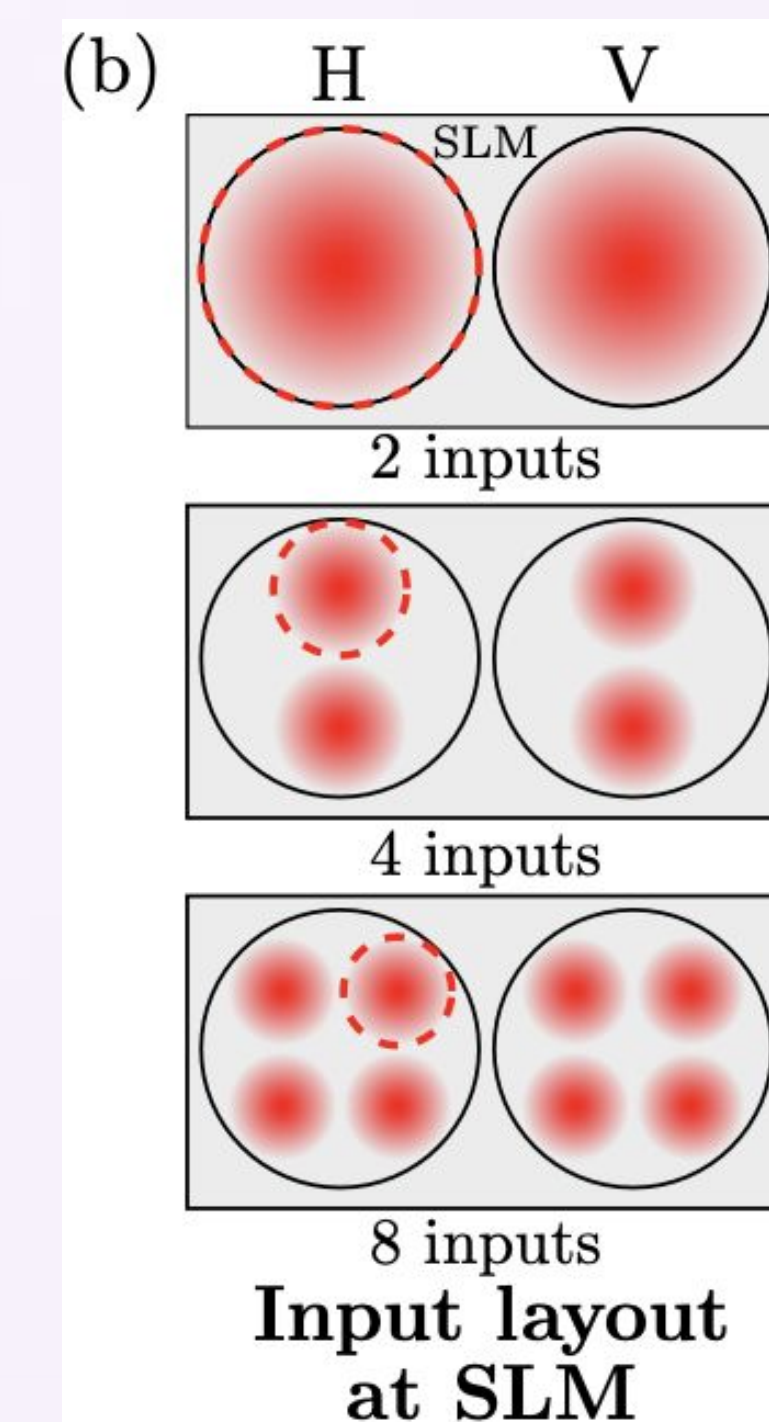
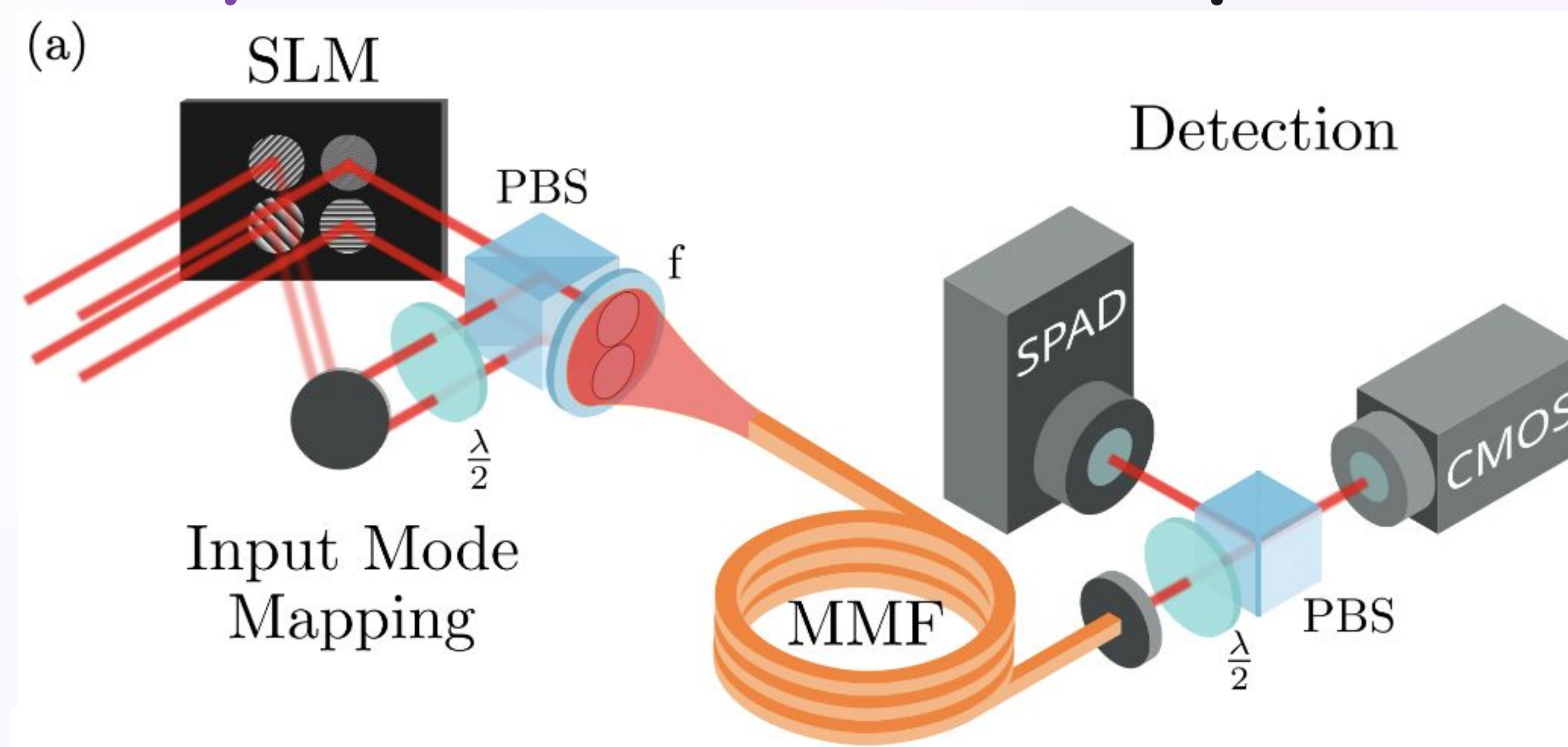
The process

- Holography: measure medium's transfer matrix
- Implement desired output by applying inverse of TM using SLM



Hugo Defienne, Quantum walks of photons in disordered media (2015)

Our study: Extend to several inputs

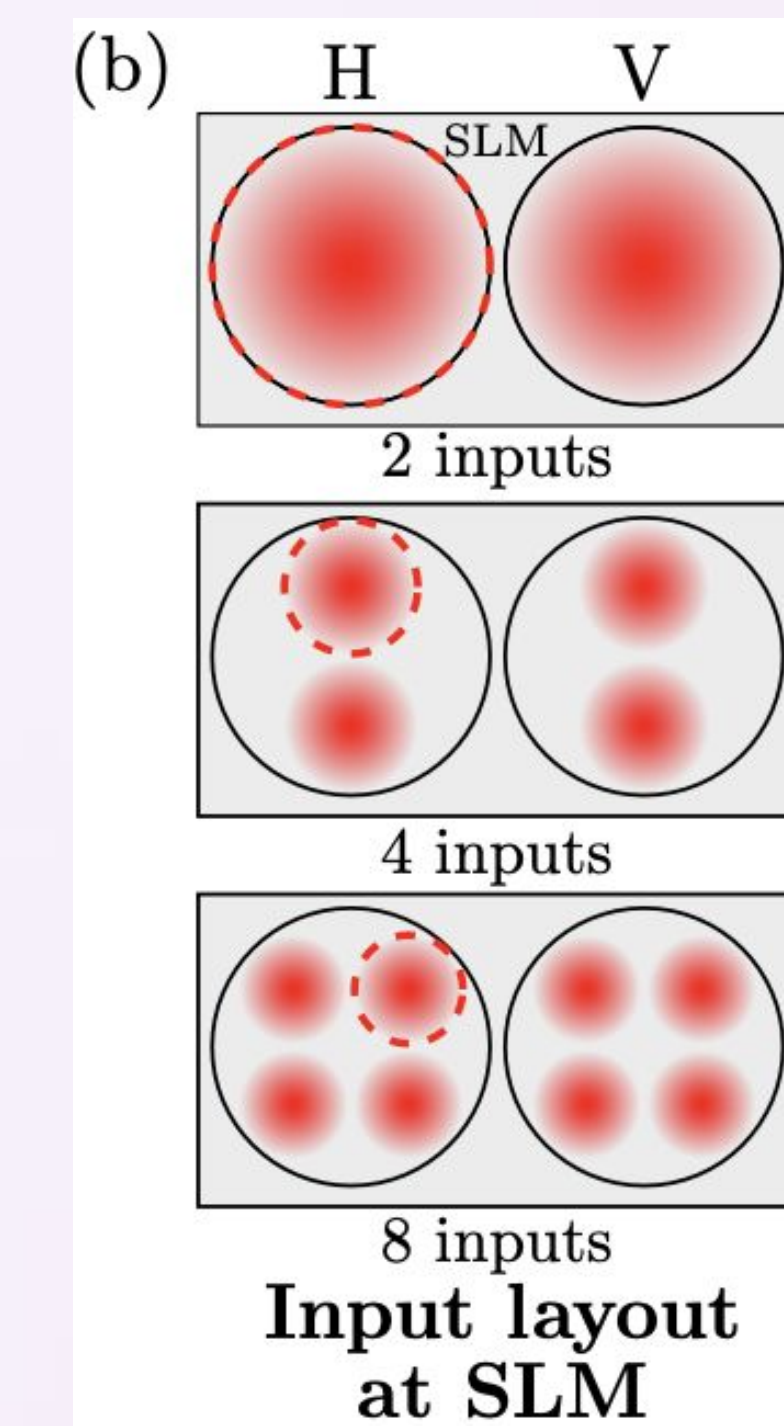
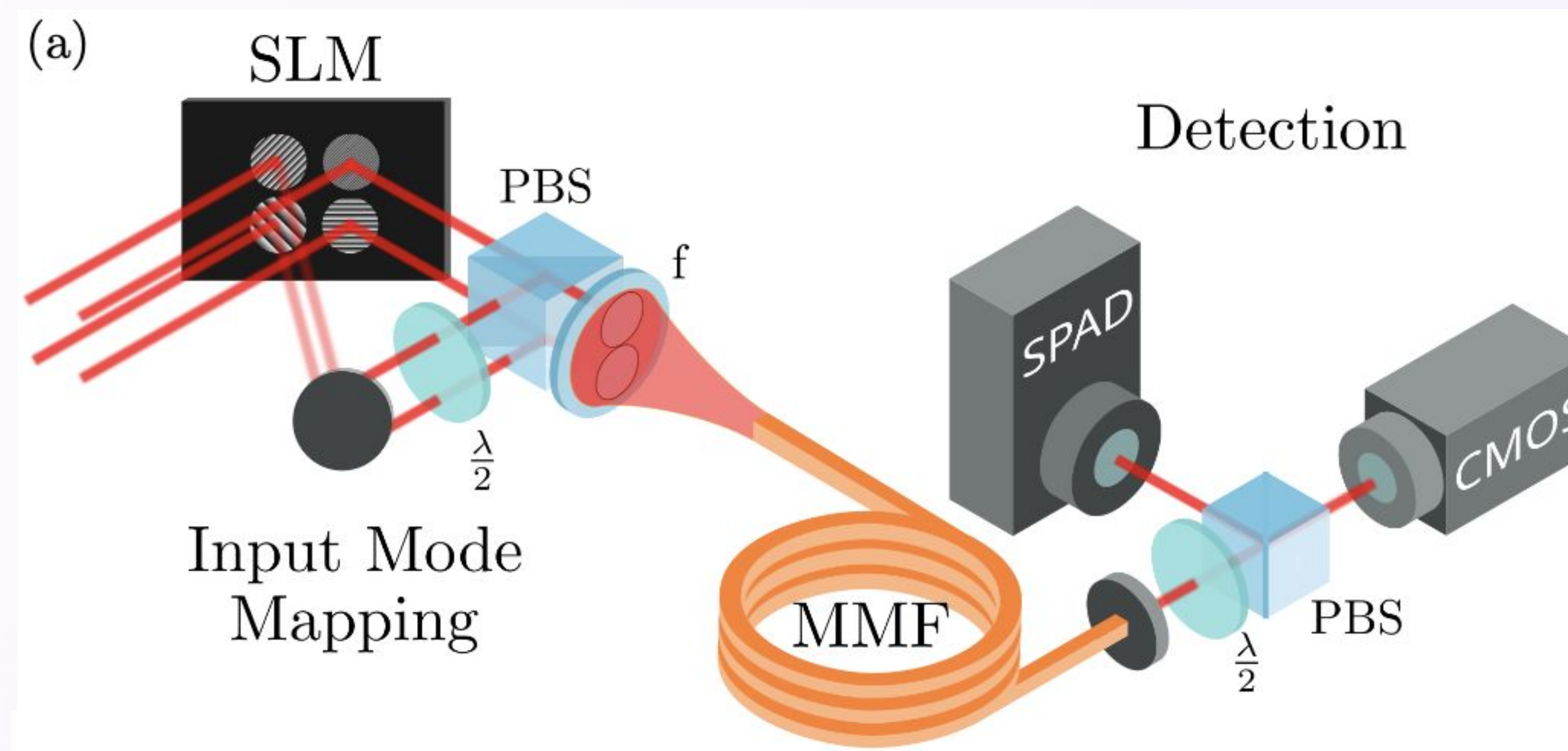


Results

Goals

- Exploring scalability
- Assess performance (fidelity and losses)

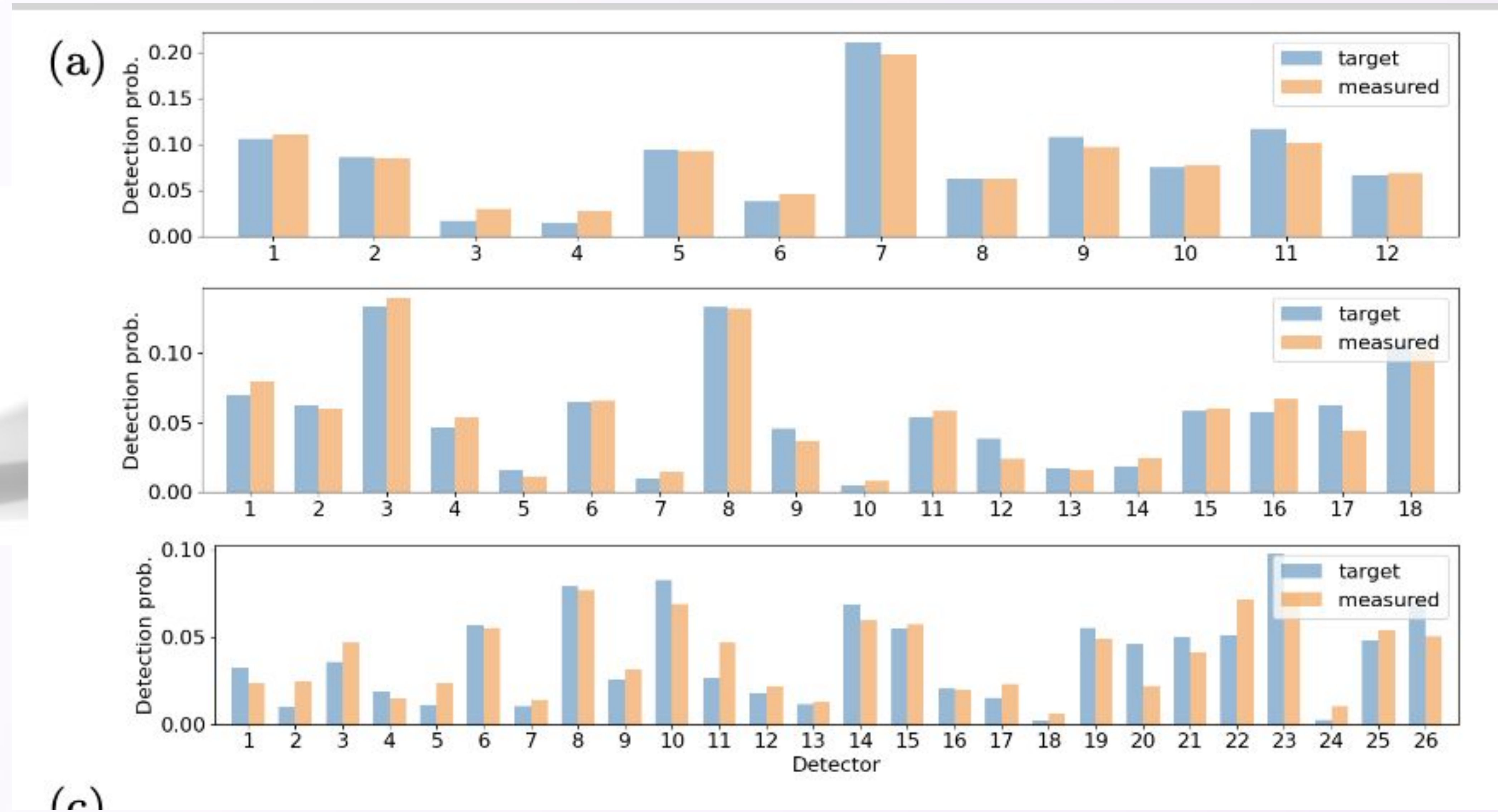
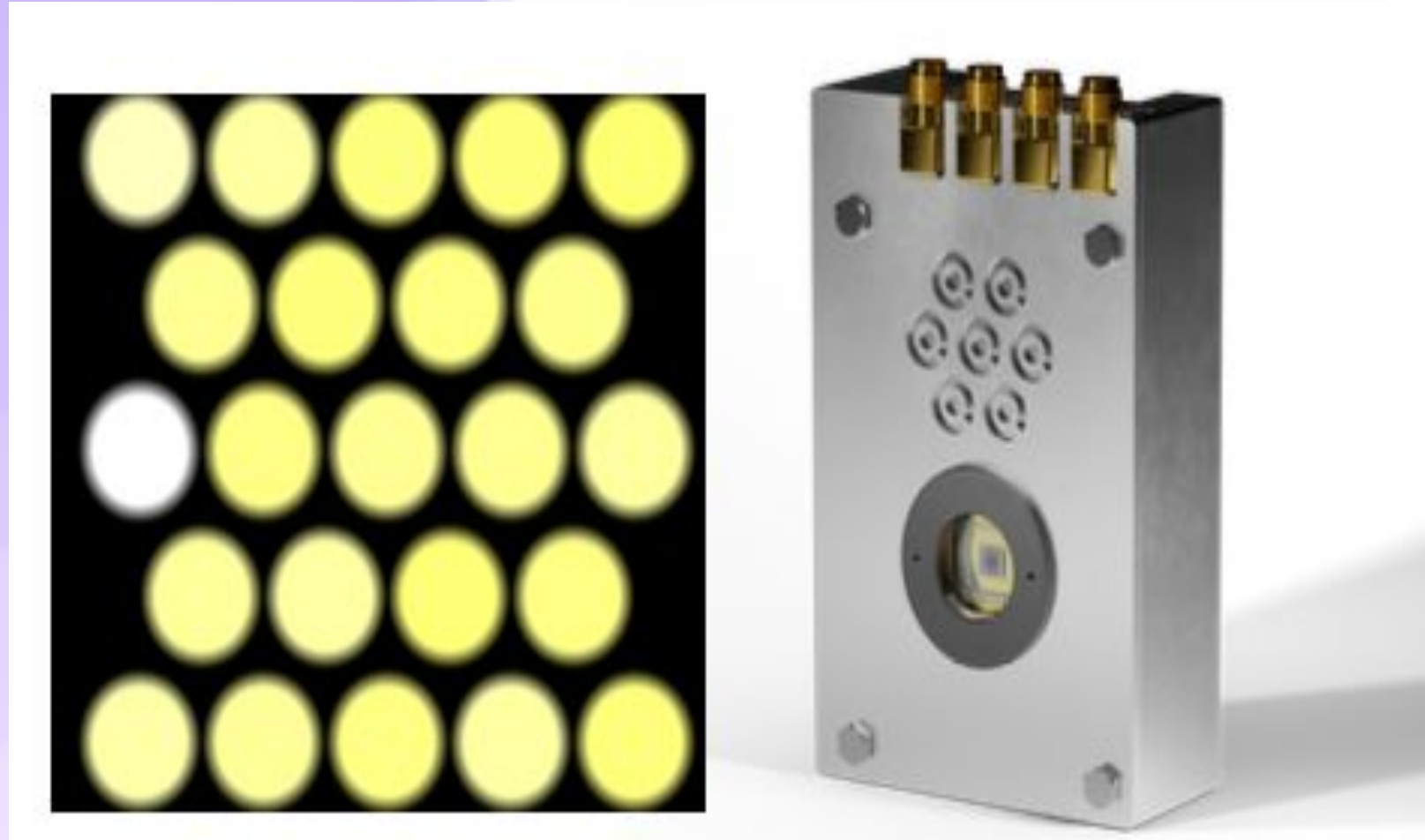
$$\mathcal{F} = \frac{1}{D} \text{Tr}(|\mathcal{L}_{exp}\rangle\langle\mathcal{L}_{exp}| |\mathcal{L}_{target}\rangle\langle\mathcal{L}_{target}|)$$



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Results

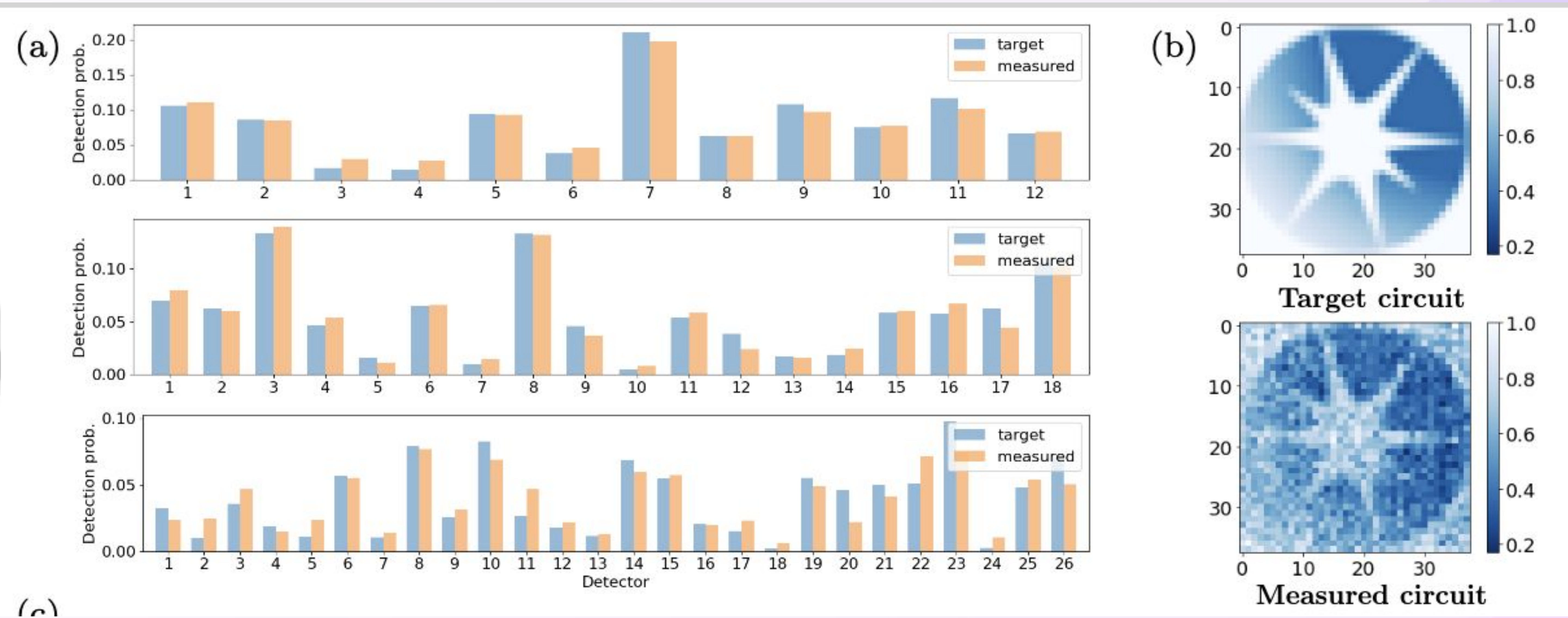
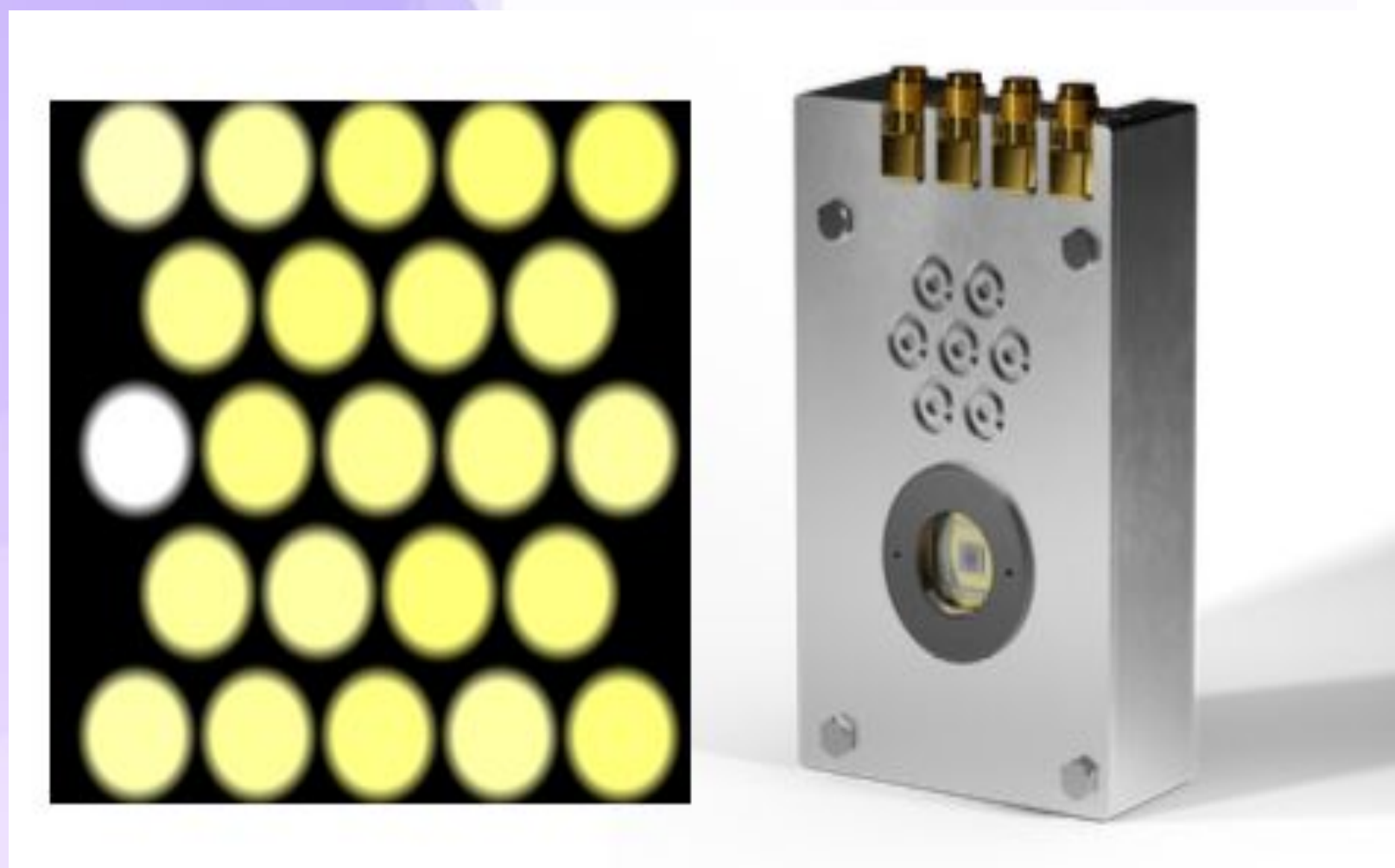
Using Array of 23 APDs



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Results

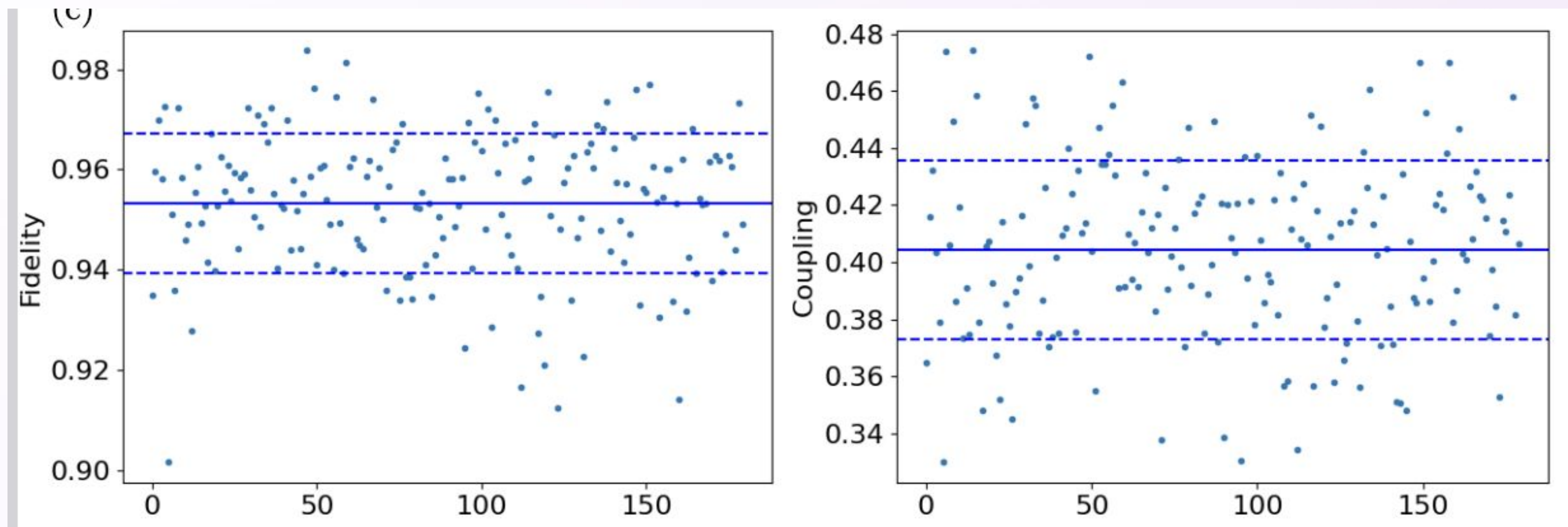
Using Array of 23 APDs



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Results

Using Array of 23 APDs



Fidelity and coupling measured for a number of randomly selected circuits

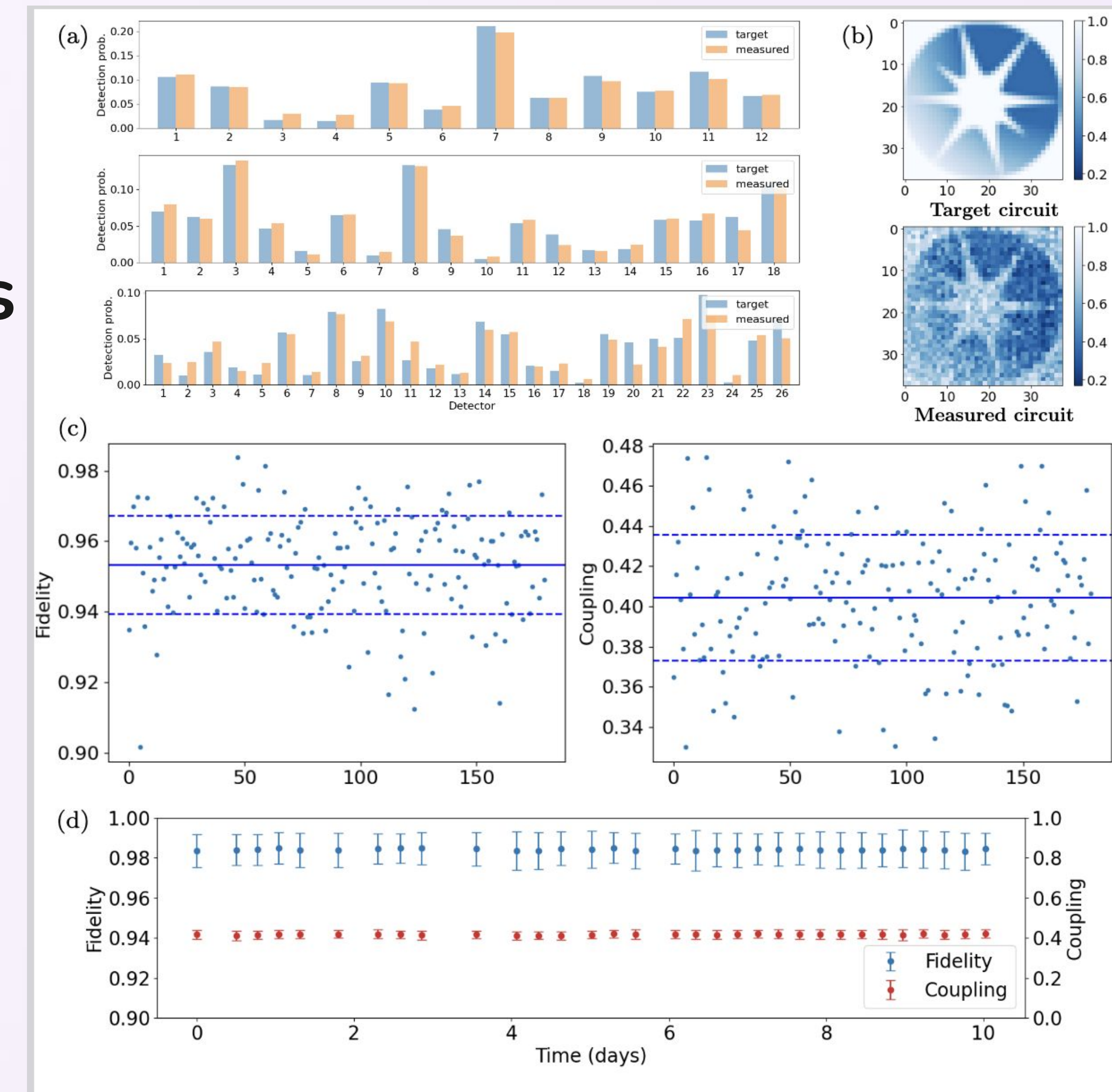
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Results

Performance

- Amplitude fidelity in excess of 93%
- Losses increase quickly with increase of inputs
- Stability over > 10 days

		2 inputs	4 inputs	8 inputs
Fidelity	14 outputs	97.1% ± 1%	96.6% ± 1%	96.3% ± 1%
	26 outputs	95.3% ± 1%	94.7% ± 1%	94.2% ± 1%
	38 outputs	93.7% ± 1%	93.5% ± 1%	92.9% ± 1%
Losses	14-38 outputs	4.0(3.5*)dB ± 0.5dB	5.1(4.6*)dB ± 1dB	6.2(5.7*)dB ± 1.2dB

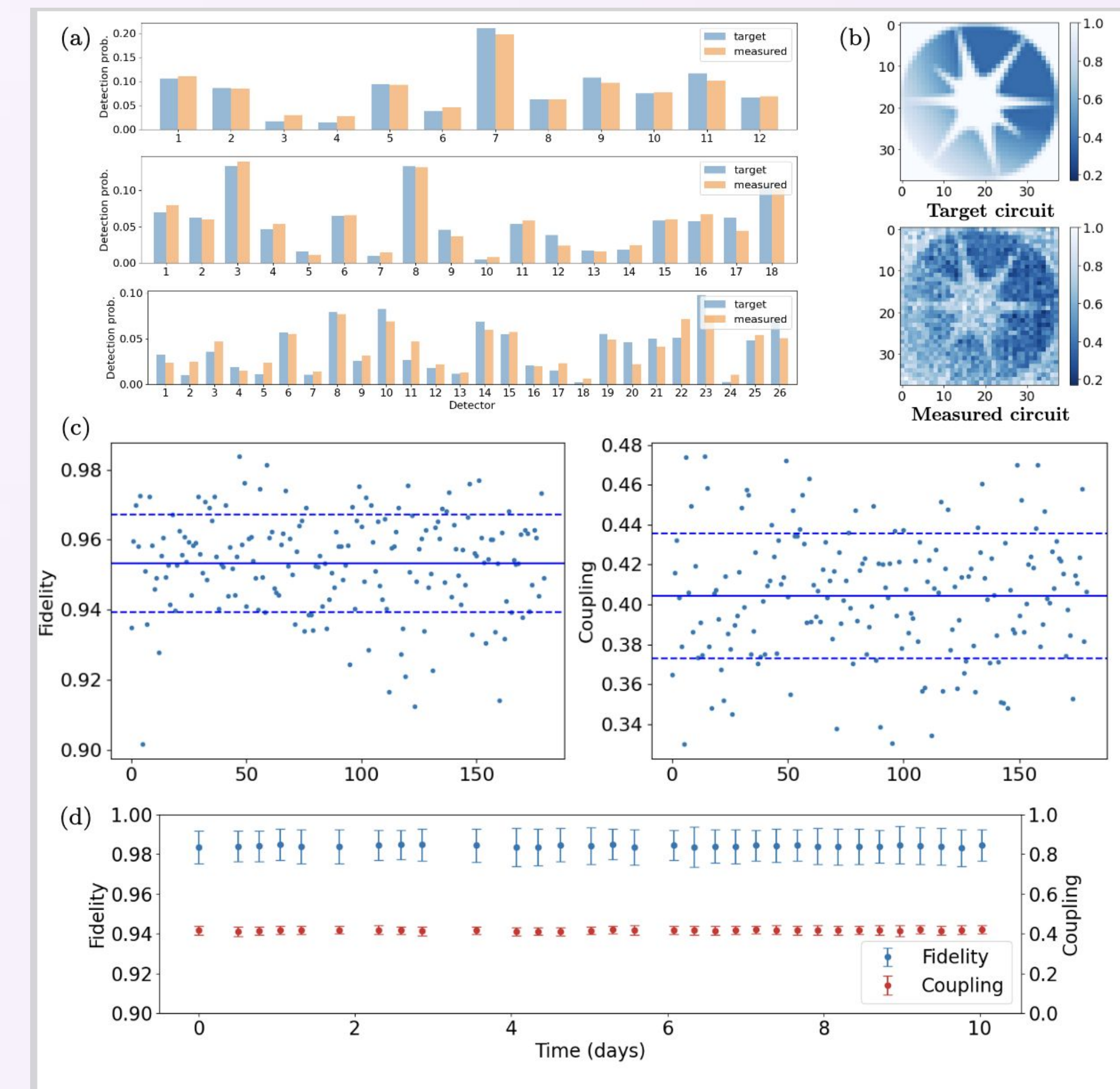
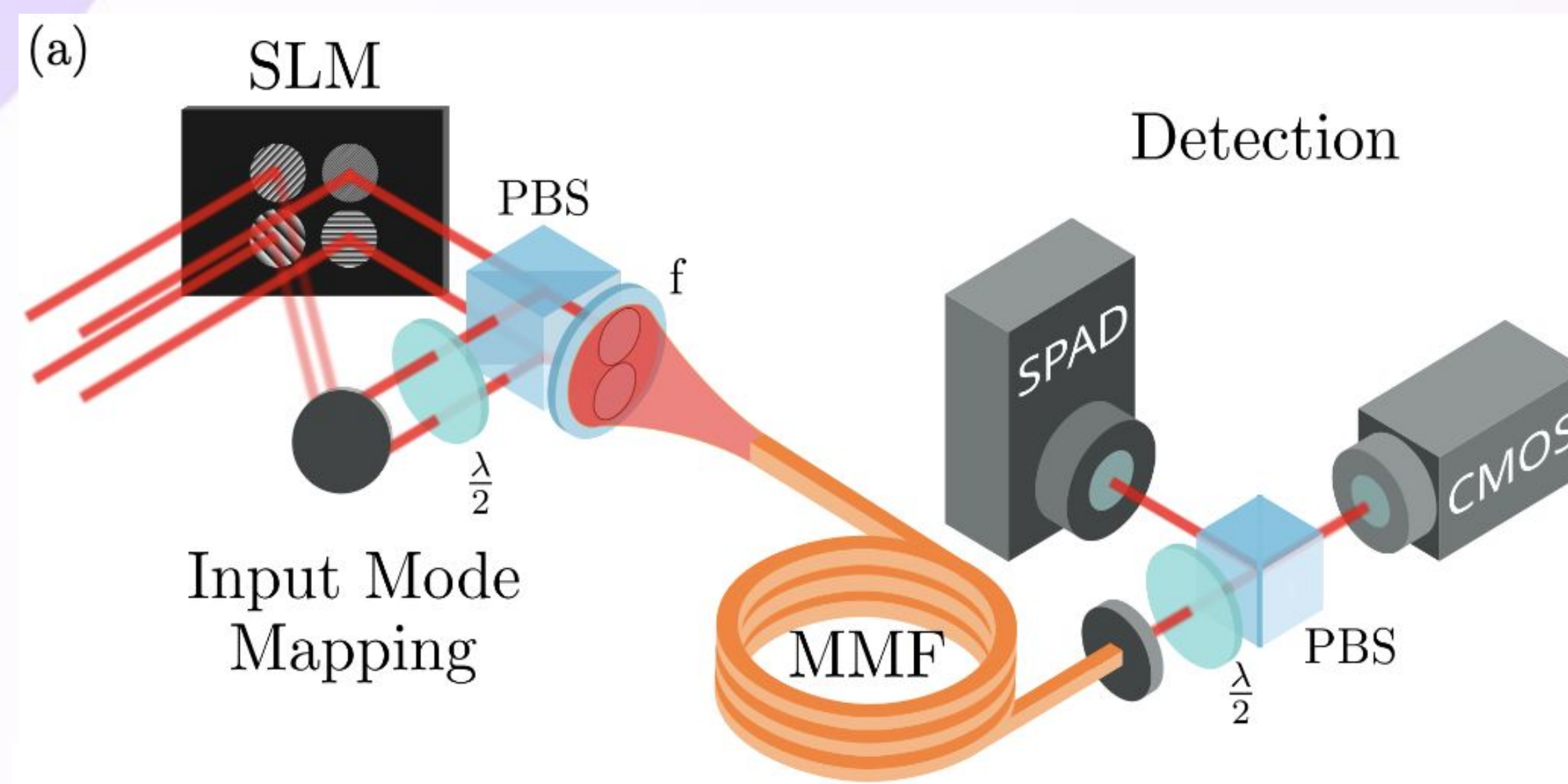


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Takeaways

Performance

- Promising alternative platform
- Reconfigurability at speed and complexity independent of scale of circuits
- Mitigation of losses a must for NISQ applications



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 899794